Index of Technical Matters

and

Technical and Non-Technical Papers

from

the Biennial Conferences

of

the International Council of Kinetography Laban

compiled by Sharon Rowe, Lucy Venable, and Judy Van Zile



An International Council of Kinetography Laban Publication 1993

ISBN 0-9621312-2-9

Published by the International Council of Kinetography Laban at the Department of Dance, The Ohio State University, 1813 North High Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43210.

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PREFACE

The purpose of the International Council of Kinetography Laban (ICKL) is to guide the unified development of the Laban system (known in Europe as Kinetography Laban and in the United States as Labanotation). In doing so, ICKL serves as the decision-making body with regard to standard usage and the spelling out of movements by means of signs of the system; promotes research into matters of notation which are likely to increase the efficiency and international usage of the system; and disseminates information about the Laban system to all interested persons.

ICKL holds biennial conferences which serve as the major forum for discussing issues and taking formal action on them. Prior to 1977, decision-making by ICKL members was a concensus process. Since 1977 procedures have been developed that involve formal voting on technical matters and formal publication of conference transactions.

Chapter I of this volume, compiled by Sharon Rowe, provides a comprehensive overview of the technical matters considered and acted upon by ICKL from 1979 to 1991—the 12th through the 17th biennial conferences. Individuals interested in the Laban system of movement analysis and notation and practitioners of Kinetography Laban and Labanotation owe a debt of gratitude to Sharon for compiling this Index. Her doctoral degree in philosophy with an emphasis in logic and her further graduate studies in dance at the University of Hawaii, as well as her interest in the theory of dance notation and her sheer persistence, enabled her to develop an organizational scheme to serve as the basis for a tool to aid in tracking down developments in the Laban system and finding related documentation.

Acknowledgment for helpful comments on early drafts of the Index is made to ICKL members Sally Archbutt, Ann Kipling Brown, Jacqueline Challet-Haas, Elsie Dunin, Ilene Fox, Ann Hutchinson, Angela Kane, Sheila Marion, Rhonda Ryman, Rob van Haarst, and Lucy Venable.

Creating an index is a tremendously difficult task. Creating an index for the technically complex and interwoven topics ICKL focuses on is a monumental task. There are many different kinds of logic that can serve as the basis for the organizational scheme. It was impossible to incorporate all of the suggestions from individuals who read early drafts of the Index. While all comments were most helpful in re-thinking a format that would be useful, they were sometimes contradictory and sometimes sufficiently complicated that they would have taken more time than was available to implement. Future indexes will surely benefit from what is learned as people use the present one.

As she developed the Index, Sharon discovered a great deal about the way ICKL handles technical matters and reports on them in published proceedings after conferences. She also discovered inconsistencies and problems. We would do well to heed her suggestions contained in the introductory comments to Chapter I as we continue to develop and refine the Laban system.

Chapter II, compiled by Lucy Venable with the help of Sally Archbutt and Jacqueline Challet-Haas, provides a chronological listing of technical papers presented at conferences from 1963 to 1991. Chapter III, also compiled by Lucy Venable, provides a chronological listing of non-technical papers presented at conferences from 1979 to 1991. Gratitude is owed to Lucy for compiling these listings, which reflect the continuing development of the Laban system and its increasing use in a variety of contexts.

Appendix I reproduces the "The List of 282 Items," a summary of the nature of deliberations prior to 1977. At the 1977 conference a major effort was made to finalize or update the status on as many of these items as possible. The results of the 1977 discussions are contained in Appendix II. Both Appendix I and Appendix II are reproduced as originally published in conference proceedings. Appendix III, compiled by Sharon Rowe, contains a chronological listing of discussions relating to the topic of bows, tracing the organizational thinking on one complex topic. Appendix IV, compiled by myself, is a glossary of signs developed since the publication of the major texts dealing with the Laban system—a guide to facilitate finding the meanings of new signs for those not present at ICKL conferences and who may not have received individual conference proceedings.

Beyond the compilation of Appendix IV, my own role in this volume has been as editor and facilitator. The matters dealt with by ICKL are both complex and critically important. I sincerely hope this volume will be only the first of on-going efforts to make the work of the organization increasingly accessible to members and non-members alike.

> Judy Van Zile Fellow, International Council of Kinetography Laban University of Hawaii at Manoa May 1993

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CHAPTER I INDEX OF TECHNICAL DECISIONS: 1979-1991 compiled by Sharon Rowe

The Index is divided into four columns as follows:

TOPIC/	<u>ACTION</u>	YEAR/	ADDITIONAL
TITLE		PAGE	MATERIAL/
<u>OF</u>		NUMBERS	PAGE
<u>PAPER</u>			NUMBERS

The far left column contains topic headings referring to items discussed and acted upon during ICKL biennial meetings, and as far as is consistent and clear, uses terminology presented in the conference proceedings published after each meeting. Occasionally this column contains the complete title of a paper rather than a subject heading. When this is the case, the title is framed by quotation marks and the author(s)'s name(s) is included in parentheses. Entries in this column are arranged alphabetically (excluding articles and prepositions). Unfortunately, an alphabetical arrangement does not always facilitate a clear picture of the chronological development of a single topic. This information, however, can be gleaned from the third column.

Some topics have generated considerable discussion over the years, based on the presentation of many papers. When there have been a number of papers relating to a single topic, a separate heading—"papers"—has been used to list all of the relevant items. This heading is placed at the end of other headings within a topic, rather than alphabetically.

The second column indicates the action taken or the status of the item. The column is left blank when a complete paper of technical importance or commentary, or notes on such a paper, was presented, but no action was taken.

The third column indicates the year in which a specific action was taken and, in parentheses, the page number(s) in the respective proceedings on which a full description of the official action taken on the item can be found.

The fourth column is used for some items to indicate the page number(s) in the proceedings where one can find text material associated with the action. The page number(s) is preceded, where appropriate, by an indication of whether the material is

- (P) a full paper,
 (E) errata (corrections to a paper circulated prior to the conference),
 (S) a supplement (to a paper circulated prior to the conference),
 (C) consentent (on a paper circulated prior to the conference),
 - (C) commentary (on a paper circulated prior to the conference), or
 - (N) notes.

(The full formal papers leading to ICKL decisions are distributed to current members prior to the conference in each year in which a conference is held. These papers are not published with the proceedings unless their content is considered sufficiently important to understanding the concepts involved; in these instances they may be published in whole or in part. Individuals interested in seeing copies of papers presented at conferences that are not included in the proceedings should contact one of the following centers: Centre National D'Ecriture du Mouvement, La Corandon, Place St. Arnoult, 60800 Crepy-en-Valois, France; Dance Notation Bureau, 31 W. 21st St., New York, New York 10010, USA; Labanotation Institute, University of Surrey, Guildford, Surrey GU2 5XH, UK; Centre for Movement Studies, Les Bois, St. Peter, Jersey, Channel Island, UK.)

The various proceedings indicate clearly when an item was "Agreed to and Passed," "Accepted for a Two Year Trial," or "Extended Two Year Trial." Other types of actions or considerations which are, in effect, identical, however, are often described with differing terminology—e.g., "Deferred," "Deferred for Further Exploration," or "Deferred for Further Investigation." Hence, work on this index has made it clear that consensus regarding terminology is needed—not only with respect to the terminology used to refer to specific signs and conventions within the Laban system, but with respect to the terminology used to indicate decisions and actions taken by the Council during technical meetings.

For the sake of consistency, the following terminology is used here to identify the nature of actions taken. Where an item was identified in the proceedings as "Agreed to and Passed," the indication here is simply "Accepted." Where an item was "Accepted for a Two Year Trial," the indication here is simply "Trial." Where an item was given an "Extended Two Year Trial," the indication here is "Extended." Because of inconsistency in terminology relating to essentially "deferred" actions, an attempt has been made to use the specific language found in the proceedings. Thus, one will see here such indications as "Withdrawn," "Discussed," "Not Discussed," and "Ongoing." Clarification of the nature of these actions—or non-actions—can be had by examining the specific proceedings.

The terms "sign" and "symbol" are also used inconsistently in discussing the written component of the Laban system. Except for the concept of "Dependent Symbols," regardless of which term was used in the various proceedings, "sign" has been used throughout the Index.

The Index is intended as a research tool and, therefore, includes extensive cross-referencing, perhaps at times to the point of redundancy; reduncancy was given preference to facilitate accessability. Two different terminologies are used in the cross-referencing. A direct cross-reference is indicated by "see"; the intention here is to consolidate references. For example, rather than list a single reference under the heading "Whole Arm," the reader is referred to the more general heading "Arm." The reference "see also" directs the reader to related topics, headings, and information. Because it is intended that the Index be useful to individuals who have not necessarily attended or participated directly in the matters discussed and voted upon, and who may not be familiar with the specific terminology used in the proceedings, Ann Hutchinson's *Labanotation* has been used as a guide to specific headings in instances in which the terminology used at a conference might be unclear or misleading to those not in attendance.

Two items in particular posed some difficulty in ordering the listing of actions taken by ICKL. The issue of "Bows" and the issue of "Validity" have occupied considerable discussion throughout the past 15 years at ICKL conferences. In the case of bows, terminology used in the reporting of these discussions is varied and inconsistent, making it tedious to organize. In the interest of clarity, a general heading—"Bows"—is listed in the main alphabetized index, under which there are a number of subheadings referring to specific types of bows, such as "Horizontal Bow" and "Leading/Guiding Part Bows." Cross-referencing is provided for the terminology used when specific issues were considered. This method, however, does not facilitate following the chronology of the development of issues relating to bows. Therefore, an appendix, "Bow Chronology," is included for those who wish to have a clearer look at the development of this issue from a chronological perspective.

The issue of "Validity" posed different problems. A variety of concerns coalesce under this topic, making it infinitely complex. At some time in the future it would be productive to devise a chronology dealing with this topic.

<u>TOPIC/</u> <u>TITLE</u> <u>OF</u> <u>PAPER</u>	<u>ACTION</u>	<u>YEAR</u> / <u>PAGE</u> NUMBERS	<u>ADDITIONAL</u> <u>MATERIAL/</u> <u>PAGE</u> <u>NUMBERS</u>
ACTION STROKE •"appropriate" movement distinguished			
from "any" movement: versus •for each direction and level in a key •to indicate contracted and stretched gestures and supports in pre-staff indications •meaning "duration" or "air line" in leg gesture column	Accepted Withdrawn Accepted Clarification	1989 (35-36) 1987 (39) 1989 (36-38) 1989 (53-55)	
AD LIB •problems in varied use of sign for	Deferred	1985 (62)	(C) 74
AERIAL TURNS see: AIR TURNS			
AIR LINES see: ACTION STROKE			
AIR TURNS •revised method of writing	Not Accepted	1981 (34-35)	
 ANALOGY •analogy and repeat signs •need for clarification of meaning and relationship to reprises and repeat signs see also: REPEATS 	Deferred Deferred	1983 (23) 1981 (35)	(P) 74-93
 ANATOMICAL DESCRIPTIONS •for spinal column and hip joint movements see also: IDEOKINETIC EXERCISES 	Deferred (further invest	1989 (42-44) igation encoura	
 ANGLING •concept, sign for, and application to kneeling see also: KNEELING 	Trial Accepted	1981 (32-34) 1983 (12)	
ANY SURFACE see: DESIGN DRAWING			
AREA •sign for "in the area of" see: AREAS and STAGE AREAS	Deferred	1981 (39)	

AREAS

•surfaces and edges of the hand and foot:

\exists and \exists	Trial Accepted	1985 (55-56) 1987 (18-19)	(P) 95-102
 ARM •determining direction and level for whole arm •determining relationships to •no presign for upper arm see also: GESTURES and WRIST 	Accepted Accepted Accepted	1983 (14) 1983 (14-15) 1981 (25-26)	
AUTOGRAPHY listed under specific topic headings			
BALANCE •line of	Deferred	1985 (63)	(S) 75-76
BENDING see: CONTRACTION and FOLDING			
BLACK DIAMOND •reference to resultant front: ◆	Accepted	1983 (15-16)	
BLACK PINS •for positions of the feet see also: PINS	Accepted	1979 (58)	
BOWS			
•exclusion bow:	Accepted	1981 (22)	
 —validity rules for see also: DEPENDENT SYMBOLS •inclusion bow —no longer used to indicate part 	Accepted	1989 (21-26)	
leading/guiding when physical result remains	Trial	1985 (57-58, 60-62)	
 validity of retained part leading/guiding with •intention bow: } •leading/guiding bow 	Accepted Not Accepted	1979 (59) 1985 (59-60)	(S) 73
—) : modified bow for indicating retained part leading/guiding	d Trial Extended	1985 (57-58) 1987 (26-28)	

—and validity rules	Deferred Not accepted	1983 (21-22) 1985 (60-62)	
see also: BOWS —passing state bow	1		
•modified bow			
see: BOWS —leading/guiding bow			
•one-movement bow			
—indicating continuous movement	Accepted	1985 (54)	(S) 72
•part leading (guidance) bow	-		
see: BOWS —leading/guiding bow			
•passing state bow			
—and validity of retained part leading/			
guiding	Accepted	1979 (59)	
•vertical bow	_		
see: BOWS —one-movement bow			
see also: VALIDITY and APPENDIX I:			
Bow Chronology			

BRACKETS see: BOWS

BULK OF THE HAND see: HAND

CANCELLATION •automatic cancellation no longer assumed Trial 1979 (60) •cancellation signs: \circ to return to a normal state "destination" and A to emphasize the motion of cancellation Trial 1979 (60) 1979 (59-61) •inconsistency in rules Proposed see also: **DEPENDENT SYMBOLS**, HOLD SIGN, and VALIDITY **CARETS** •moving into/out of open positions Deferred 1983 (21) (P) 68-73 •replace staple with, for the "same spot" Accepted 1987 (13-17) (E,S) 66-73 •staples and Deferred 1985 (62-63) (E) 75 •zed caret: *≥* —augmented usage to mean "on the same 1987 (37) Discussed spot" 1989 (27-28) Accepted see also: **STAPLES**

CEILING AND FLOOR see: DESIGN DRAWING

CENTER see: MINOR MOVEMENTS and PLACE MIDDLE

CENTER POINT see: PLACE MIDDLE

CIRCULAR PATH see: GESTURES

CLOSING •sign for sagittal and diagonal spreading and closing: $1 (\ 7 \ C)$ Accepted 1987 (18) **CONTRACTION** •signs for over diagonal surface: \bowtie , etc. Accepted 1987 (24) •simultaneous rotation and Discussed 1987 (37-38) see also: FOLDING and PRE-STAFF **INDICATIONS**—use of action strokes to indicate contracted and stretched gestures DBP see: DIRECTION FROM BODY PART **DEPENDENT SYMBOLS** •as self-cancelling, including: Accepted 1981 (26-27) -attached signs -foot hooks —pins modifying direction signs —signs tied to direction signs by vertical bows or brackets —signs written in divided columns see also: BOWS, FOOT HOOKS, PINS, and VALIDITY **DESIGN DRAWING** •concept of and sign for: \downarrow 1979 (58-59) (E) 64 Accepted •placement of design parallel to floor or

ceiling Accepted 1981 (28) •signs for "a" or "any" surface: \frown and \bigtriangleup Trial 1979 (59) 1981 (39) Deferred Not Accepted 1987 (28-29) •situation of design Accepted 1981 (28) Accepted •size of design 1981 (27) •title for the concept Accepted 1981 (27)

DIAGONAL SPREADING see: SPREADING

DIAMOND see: BLACK DIAMOND

DIRECTION FROM BODY PART (DBP)

•"Direction from a Body Part (DBP)"	(Maria		
Szentpal)		1981	(P) 79-82
•for gestures	Deferred	1987 (34-35)	(N) 62-65

•for supports and gestures that contact the floor	Accepted	1985 (52)	(P) 83-86 (S) 71
 DIRECTION SIGN •pins bowed to direction signs to mean modification of direction •pins next to direction signs indicate relationship 	Accepted	1979 (58) 1979 (58)	
•validity of modifiers (including pins modifying direction signs, attached signs, carets, and presigns) see also: MINOR MOVEMENTS and PINS	Accepted	1989 (14-17)	
 DIRECTIONS •method of derivation of intermediate directions see also: DIRECTION SIGN, INTERMEDIATE DIRECTIONS, and PINS 	Trial	1989 (38-40)	
DISTAL CENTER ANALYSIS see: MINOR MOVEMENTS			
DIVIDED COLUMN •ordering of signs in	Not Accepted	1981 (34)	
DOUBLE CIRCLE : O •meaning of when used with meeting line	Accepted	1989 (34-35)	
DOUBLE LINE •optional use in sectional repeats	Accepted	1983 (16-17)	
DURATION LINE see: ACTION STROKE and RETENTION OF SUPPORTS			
DYNAMICS			
•issue of	Ongoing Deferred	1979 (61) 1985 (63-64)	
• 👌 sign	Deferred	1985 (65)	(S) 76
 •papers —"Dynamics Exploration" (Peggy Hackney, supported by Janis Pforsich) —"Dynamics of Dance" (Vera Maletic) —"Dynamics of Phrasing in Movement 		1981 1987	(P) 114-117 (P) 82-102
and Dance" (Vera Maletic)		1983	(P) 110-126
 —"Dynamics Summary" (summary of transcription of discussion) —"An Initial Investigation into the Analysis and Notation of the Dynamia 		1981	(P) 118-123
Analysis and Notation of the Dynamic Phrase in Ghanaian Dance" (Odette B	lum)	1983	(P) 100-103

 —"Issues in Phrasing and Effort Annotations of a Humphrey Score" (Vera Maletic) —"Notation and the Dynamic Aspects of Dance" (Sally Archbutt) —"Notes on Dynamics" (Lisa Ullman) —"Qualitative Annotations of Labanotation Scores" (Vera Maletic) —"Quality and Dynamics in the Laban Movement Analysis and Notation System" (Janis Pforsich with Peggy Hackney) —"Spatial Forms and Their Innate Dynam Content" (Lisa Ullman) —"Statement on Dynamics for Panel Discussion" (Muriel Topaz) 		1989 1981 1981 1991 1981 1981 1981	 (P) 105-126 (P) 83-92 (P) 94-96 (P) 73-103 (P) 99-102 (P) 106-113 (P) 104-105
EACH ONE •indicating relation of two people see also: MEETING LINE	Accepted	1989 (34-35)	
EN CROIX REPEATS: ⊨ •sign for and numerical repeats see also: ANALOGY	Accepted	1987 (20-23)	(E,S) 40-41
EXCLUSION BOW see: BOWS			
EXTENSION see: CONTRACTION			
FEET •position and use of black pins •position and use of white pins see also: FOOT	Accepted Accepted	1979 (58) 1979 (58)	
FINGER FAN •no single meaning for notion or writing	Accepted	1987 (20)	
FINGERS •area of see also: FINGER FAN	Trial	1985 (55)	(P) 95-102
FLOOR PLANS •issues to consider •mini-floor plans •showing types of performing spaces	Discussed Accepted Deferred	1991 (21-23) 1989 (33-34) 1989 (51-52)	

FLOORWORK STAFF•nature of•placement and manner of writing time marks	Accepted Trial	1989 (28-29) 1989 (28-29)	
FOCAL FRONT•alternate signs for•meeting line to indicate relationship to	Not Discussed Deferred Agreed	1987 (39) 1989 (44-46) 1989 (32-33)	
FOLDING•cancellation by unfolding/ use of +	Accepted	1987 (25)	
FOOT •areas of, including: —concept and sign for subdivision	Trial	1985 (55-56)	(P) 95-102
of foot into areas and zones •spot hold for •surfaces of see also: FEET and FOOT HOOKS	Accepted Accepted	1987 (25) 1987 (18-19)	
FOOT HOOKS •placement of unattached foot hooks (unification)	Trial	1981 (29)	
•validity of (self-cancelling as dependent signs)	Accepted Accepted	1983 (11-12) 1981 (26)	
FOREARM see: ARM			
FORMULAS FOR GROUP FORMATIONS see: GROUP FORMATIONS			
FRONT •resultant front see: BLACK DIAMOND see also: FOCAL FRONT, and FRONT SIGNS			
FRONT SIGNS•placement of (unification)	Accepted	1981 (22)	
 GESTURES •direction from body part (DBP) for gestures —with measurement signs •inner subsidiary column and •neither bent nor stretched see: NEITHER •paths for (circular, conical) 	Accepted Deferred Accepted Deferred	1985 (52) 1987 (34-35) 1981 (23-25) 1985 (65-66)	(P) 83-86

 •peripheral path for third-degree points •placement of path signs for gestures •pre-staff indications for contracted and stretched gestures •terminology for , , , and for see also: DIRECTION FROM BODY PART, MEASUREMENT SIGNS, and SPOT HOLD 	Accepted Accepted Accepted Deferred	1985 (53) 1981 (22-23) 1989 (36-38) 1981 (40)	
GRAMMAR •"Reconstructing KIN/LN Grammar" (Rob van Haarst)	Discussed	1989 (55-57)	(E) 63
 GROUP FORMATIONS •pre-staff indications •use of floor plans and signs for see also: PERFORMERS 	Accepted Accepted	1983 (10-11) 1989 (31-32)	
GROUP NOTATION see: PERFORMERS			
GUIDING PART •retained guiding part see: BOWS—leading/guiding part bow			
HAND •areas of the hand, including: —concept and sign for bulk of the hand —contacting surfaces of edges of hand —finger area and fingers —outer surface of whole hand —palm surface of whole hand	Trial	1985 (55-56)	(P) 95-102
 –subdivision of zones and areas •bulk of the hand (for determining direction and level of whole arm) •surfaces of see also: FINGER FAN, FINGERS, and PALM FACINGS 	Accepted Accepted	1983 (14) 1987 (18-19)	
HEAD•need for new sign for head and its parts (no new signs or concepts were accepted, only)	Accepted y the fact that th	1983 (17) here is a need fo	(P) 31-38 r them)
HIPS see: ANATOMICAL DESCRIPTIONS			
HOLD SIGN •use of \bigcirc or \bigcirc in support column to cancel hold sign	Not Accepted	1987 (29-30)	

see also: SPOT HOLD, RETENTION SIGNS, and RETENTION OF SUPPORTS

HOLD WEIGHT see: HOLD SIGN

HORIZONTAL BOW

see: **BOWS**—horizontal bow

ICOSAHEDRON KEY	Withdrawn	1987 (39)
IDEOKINETIC EXERCISES •problems in notating	Deferred (further invest	1989 (42-44) (P) 72-79 tigation encouraged)
INCLUSION BOW see: BOWS —inclusion bow		
INCONSISTENCY •in rules for cancellation see also: DEPENDENT SYMBOLS and VALIDITY	Proposed	1979 (59-61)
INDIRECT PATH see: GESTURES —paths for (circular, conical) and peripheral path for third- degree points		
INNER SUBSIDIARY COLUMN •clarification •for gestures •presigns in •for supports	Accepted Accepted Accepted	1985 (23-24) 1981 (23-25) 1981 (23-25) 1981 (23-25)
INTENTION •indication of see: BOWS —intention bow		
INTENTION BOW see: BOWS —intention bow		
INTERMEDIATE DIRECTIONS •derivation of and signs for	Trial	1989 (38-40)
JOINTS •specific signs for joints of the right and left		
legs see also: ARM	Accepted	1987 (26)

KEYS

KEYS			
 for distal center analysis: for "thought" see also: ICOSAHEDRON KEY 	Trial Discussed	1979 (59) 1989 (57-58)	
KINETOGRAPHY LABAN •kneeling as written in see also: GRAMMAR, MINOR MOVEMENTS, PRINCIPLES, and UNIFICATION	Discussed	1991 (23-24)	
KNEE see: ANGLING, JOINTS, KNEELING, and LEGS			
KNEELING •angling applied to kneeling •levels defined •options for writing kneeling (knee	Accepted Accepted	1983 (12-13) 1983 (12)	(P) 24-30
 options for writing kneeling (kneeling (kneeling) oras written in Kinetography Laban see also: ANGLING 	Accepted Discussed	1983 (13) 1991 (23-24)	
LEADING PART RETAINED see: BOWS —leading/guiding bow			
LEADING/GUIDING BOW see: BOWS —leading/guiding bow			
LEGS •specific signs for joints of the right and left see also: JOINTS and GESTURES	Accepted	1987 (26)	
LEVEL see: ACTION STROKE, ARM, and KNEELING			
LIMBS see: AREAS, ARM, GESTURES, JOINTS, and LEGS,			
LINE OF BALANCE see: BALANCE			
LINE OF GRAVITY see: BALANCE			
MEASUREMENT SIGNS			

MEASUREMENT SIGNS •action stroke meaning each direction and

level for supports and gestures in pre-staff indications•terminology see also: BOWS—Inclusion Bow	Not Discussed Accepted Accepted	1987 (39) 1989 (36-38) 1985 (50)	
MEETING LINE •placement of on right of staff •indicating relationship to focal front •relationship of two people see also: MINI-FLOOR PLANS	Accepted Accepted Accepted	1983 (11) 1989 (32-33) 1989 (34-35)	
MINI-FLOOR PLANS •indicating relationship of performers	Accepted	1989 (33-34)	
MINOR MOVEMENTS			
 distal center analysis: + judged from proximal center 	Trial Extended Extended Trial Extended	1979 (59) 1981 (29) 1983 (18) 1979 (59) 1981 (29)	(E) 64
 Kinetography Laban approach to of lower arm pin next to direction sign polar pins and minor movements see also: KEYS 	Extended Extended Discussed Accepted Accepted Trial	1981 (29) 1983 (18) 1991 (24-25) 1979 (58) 1979 (58) 1985 (55)	(P) 87-94
MODIFIED BOW see: BOWS—leading/guiding bow			
MODIFIED PINS see: PINS—distal center analysis and modified pins			
MODIFIERS see: DIRECTION SIGN, PINS, and VALIDITY			
MOVING IN AND OUT OF OPEN POSITIONS see: CARETS			
NATURAL •meaning of, especially in relationship to "standard" and "normal"	Deferred	1989 (49-51)	
•stretched nor bent; long nor short: ⋈	Accepted	1985 (51)	(E) 71

NEW FRONT see: BLACK DIAMOND

NON-FOOT SUPPORT •preferred writing method see also: KNEELING ,	Accepted	1983 (13)
 NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS including: below staff: group formation indications identification of performers eleft of staff: orientation signs system of reference keys timing indications eright of staff: group formation indications meeting lines orientation signs pins showing relationships among performers unification see also: PRE-STAFF INDICATIONS 	Accepted	1983 (10-11)
NORMAL STEP LENGTH		

see: **STEPS**

ONE-MOVEMENT BOW see: **BOWS**

OPEN POSITIONS

•moving into and out of see: **ČARETS**

ORIENTATION INDICATIONS

•placement of

Accepted

1981 (29-30)

- —written to left of staff (including indications relating to space, time, and systems of reference)
- —written to right of staff (including indications relating to people and to stage props) see also: **FRONT SIGNS**—placement of

ORIENTATION SIGNS see: NON-MOVEMENT **INDICATIONS**—left of staff

PALM see: AREAS, HAND, and PALM FACINGS			
PALM FACINGS •standardized see also: HAND	Deferred	1989 (41)	
PART LEADING•validity of passing state bow versus inclusion bow	Accepted	1979 (59)	
see: BOWS —inclusion bow	Trial	1985 (57-58)	
PASSING STATE see: BOWS			
PATH•peripheral path for third-degree for points for gestures	Accepted	1985 (53-54)	(C, E) 71-72, 76-77
see also: GESTURES and PATH SIGNS			
PATH SIGNS •placement of (unification)	Accepted	1981 (22-23)	
PAUSE •♂ sign	Deferred	1985 (65)	(S) 76
 PERFORMERS •relationship of two people •signs for sex of performers see also: EACH ONE, MEETING LINE, MINI-FLOOR PLANS, NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS, and PINS 	Accepted Accepted	1989 (34-35) 1989 (30-31)	
PERIPHERAL PATH •for third-degree points for gestures	Accepted	1985 (53-54)	
PHRASING"Classification and Notation of Phrasing"			(P) 113-126
 PINS •black pins for foot positions •distal center analysis see: MINOR MOVEMENTS 	Accepted	1979 (58)	(E) 63
 indicating sex of performers minor movements and pins place middle pin polar pins 	Accepted Accepted Accepted Trial	1989 (30-31) 1979 (58) 1987 (24) 1985 (55)	(P) 87-93

 relationship indication when next to a direction sign track pins validity of when modifying direction signs white pins for foot positions see also: GESTURES, MINOR MOVEMENTS, NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS, POSITIONS OF THE FEET, and WRIST 	Accepted Accepted Accepted Accepted	1979 (58) 1979 (58) 1981 (26) 1979 (58)	(E) 63 (E) 63
PLACE			
•for determining direction for supports •terminology for \blacksquare , \Box , and \Box for gestures	Accepted Deferred	1979 (58) 1981 (40)	
PLACE MIDDLE			
•place middle pin: ¬⊢ and ⁺ see also: PLACE	Accepted	1987 (24)	
PLACEMENT OF SPECIFIC SIGNS see: FOOT HOOKS, FRONT SIGNS, MEETING LINE, NON- MOVEMENT INDICATIONS, ORIENTATION INDICATIONS, PATH SIGNS, PINS, and PRE- STAFF INDICATIONS			
POLAR PINS see: MINOR MOVEMENTS and PINS			
 POSITIONS OF THE FEET •black pins with •white pins with see also: CARETS 	Accepted Accepted	1979 (58) 1979 (58)	
PRESIGNS	Accounted	1981 (23-25)	
 inner subsidiary column and × and ∞ as presigns 	Accepted Deferred	1981 (23-23) 1985 (64)	(C,E) 76
 PRE-STAFF INDICATIONS •use of action strokes to indicate contracted and stretched gestures and supports see also: GESTURES, MEASUREMENT SIGNS, and NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS— below staff 	Accepted	1989 (36-38)	
PRINCIPLES •of the Laban system	Further Investigation Needed Deferred	1979 (61) 1983 (20)	

•"The Principles and Basic Concepts of		
Laban's Movement Notation"	1985	(P) 1-43
•"Report of the Principles Committee"		
(Roderyk Lange)	1981	(P) 124-125

see also: **GRAMMAR**

PROPS

see: NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS and PRE-STAFF INDICATIONS

REFERENCE KEYS see: NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS

RELEASE SIGNS •meaning of \bigcirc and \bigcirc in support column	Not Accepted	1987 (29-30)	
RELEASE WEIGHT •new sign for see also: RELEASE SIGNS — meaning of \bigcirc and \bigcirc in support column	Deferred	1987 (35-36)	
REPEATS •analogy and repeat signs •analogy and reprise signs •writing of en croix repeats •writing of sectional repeats	Deferred Deferred Accepted Accepted	1983 (23) 1981 (35) 1987 (20-23) 1983 (16-17)	(P) 74-93 (E,S) 40-41
REPEAT SIGNS see: ANALOGY, EN CROIX REPEATS, REPEATS, and SECTIONAL REPEATS			
REPRISE SIGNS see: REPEATS and ANALOGY			
RESULTANT FRONT see: BLACK DIAMOND			
RETAINED PART LEADING/GUIDING see: BOWS			
RETENTION SIGNS •revised and expanded system of see also: HOLD SIGN, RETENTION OF SUPPORTS, and VALIDITY	Deferred	1985 (68-69)	(E) 78-79
RETENTION OF SUPPORTS •by use of duration line	Discussed	1989 (58-60)	

ROTATION

•and simultaneous contraction

Discussed 1987 (37-38)

SAGITTAL SPREADING see: SPREADING			
SAME SPOT see: CARETS and SPOT HOLD			
SECTIONAL REPEATS•sign for (double line, single line, and thickened line)	Accepted	1983 (16-17)	
SELF-CANCELLING SIGNS see: DEPENDENT SYMBOLS			
SEX OF PERFORMERS see: PERFORMERS			
SHAPE WRITING see: DESIGN DRAWING			
SPINAL COLUMN see: ANATOMICAL DESCRIPTIONS			
SPINE SIGN •alternate signs for	Discussed	1987 (38)	(S) 42-43
 SPOT HOLD •in leg gesture column without presign to mean foot retains the same spot see also: RETENTION SIGNS, and RETENTION OF SUPPORTS 	Accepted	1987 (25)	
SPREADING •signs for sagittal and diagonal spreading:	Accepted	1987 (18)	
STAFF see: FLOORWORK STAFF, NON- MOVEMENT INDICATIONS, and STAFF EXTENDER			
staff extender: \mathbb{T}	Not accepted	1985 (59)	(S) 73
STAGE AREAS•signs for on- and off-stage areas revised and expanded	Trial	1983 (19-20)	(P) 39-67

STAGE PLANS see: FLOOR PLANS

STAGE PROPS see: NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS

STAPLES •elimination of •replaced by caret for "same spot" see also: CARETS	Deferred Accepted	1983 (21) 1987 (13-17)	
STRAIGHT PATH GESTURE see: GESTURES			
 STEPS •action stroke in pre-staff indications •neither large nor small see: NEITHER 	Accepted	1989 (36-38)	
"normal" step length (sign for)stylized preparation for	Accepted Deferred	1985 (51) 1989 (47-48)	(E) 71
SUPPORTING see: SUPPORTS			
SUPPORTS •writing non-foot supports see also: DIRECTION FROM BODY PART (DBP), INNER SUBSIDIARY COLUMN, KNEELING, RETENTION OF SUPPORTS, and STEPS	Accepted	1983 (13)	
A SURFACE •signs for (with respect to design drawing)	Not Accepted	1987 (28-29)	
SURFACES see: AREAS			
SUPPORT COLUMN •measurement signs in see: MEASUREMENT SIGNS			
SYSTEMS OF REFERENCE see: NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS and PRE-STAFF			

INDICATIONS

THIRD COLUMN see: PERIPHERAL PATH

THIRD DEGREE POINTS • peripheral path	Accepted	1985 (53-54)	
 TIME SIGNS: X •general signs for time or timing, speed, and velocity "Musical Time Signs" (Maria Szentpal) •time signs: concept, signs and usage 	Accepted Trial Extended Deferred	1991 (11-18) 1981 1981 (30-31) 1983 (19) 1985 (69-70)	(P) 68-70(P) 52-67
TIMING see: TIME SIGNS			
TIMING INDICATIONS see: NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS, PRE-STAFF INDICATIONS, and TIME SIGNS			
TORSO see: ANATOMICAL DESCRIPTIONS and SPINE SIGN			
TRACK PINS •adoption of	Accepted	1979 (58)	
TURNS see: AIR TURNS			
UNFOLDING •use of \uparrow for	Accepted	1987 (25)	
 UNIFICATION "Corrections and Additions for <u>Unification</u> Paper" see also: ARM—no presign for upper arm, INCONSISTENCY, FOOT HOOKS, FRONT SIGNS, MEETING LINE, NON-MOVEMENT INDICATIONS, ORIENTATION INDICATIONS, PALM FACINGS, PATH SIGNS, PINS, and PRE-STAFF INDICATIONS 		1981	(C) 41-43
UPPER ARM see: ARM			
VALIDITY •automatic cancellation assumed	Trial Deferred	1979 (59) 1983 (23)	(C) 59-61

•automatic retention assumed	Deferred	1983 (23)	
 •column hierarchy, body units, "standard," "independent" indications •dependent symbols •examples for proposed column cancellation 	Deferred Accepted	1983 (23) 1981 (27)	
rule		1979 (66-68)	
 inconsistency in cancellation rules and leading/guiding part, new bow 	Proposed Trial	1979 (59-61) 1985 (60-62)	
•various approaches to	Extended Discussed	1987 (26-28) 1989 (60-62) 1991 (18-20)	
•papers		1771 (10 20)	
 —"Leading-Guiding; Validity" (Ann Hutchinson Guest) —"A Proposal for a Revised, Expanded and Organized System of Retention 	Deferred	1987 (31-33)	(P) 57-60
Symbols" (Janet W. Moekle and Ilene Fox)	Deferred	1985 (66-69)	(E) 78 70
	Deferred	1985 (00-09)	
 —"Validity: Working Ideas Based on Column Hierarchy" (Janet W. Moekle) —"Validity: Yet Another Proposal" (Ilene) 		1983	(P) 94-98
Fox)	Deferred	1987 (31-33)	(S) 44-48
 —"Vertical Bows—Validity" (Ann Hutchinson Guest) see also: HOLD SIGN, RETENTION SIGNS, and RETENTION OF SUPPORTS 	Deferred	1987 (31-33)	(E,N) 49-56

WEIGHT see: RELEASE WEIGHT

WHITE PINS •for positions of feet see also: PINS	Accepted	1979 (58)
WHOLE ARM see: ARM		
WHOLE HAND see: HAND		
WRIST •bulging of see: WRIST SIGN	Accepted	1979 (58)
WRIST SIGN•meaning of pin following (for movement of lower arm)	Accepted	1979 (58)
ZED CARET see: CARETS		

CHAPTER II LISTING OF TECHNICAL PAPERS PRESENTED: 1963-1991 compiled by Lucy Venable

This chronological list of technical papers presented at ICKL conferences indicates papers circulated to members prior to the respective conferences. For various reasons, however, not all were actually presented and/or discussed.

Edna Geer, for many years Secretary of ICKL, prepared a list of papers circulated from 1963-1977 which was published in the Proceedings of the Tenth Biennial Conference, 9-19 August 1977. What follows includes these papers as well as those circulated from 1979-1991.

Where titles are listed in German, the papers are available in German from the Centre National D'Ecriture du Mouvement, La Corandon, Place St. Arnoult, 60800 Crepy-en-Valois, France, or the Centre for Movement Studies, Les Bois, St. Peter, Jersey, Channel Island, UK.

Section headings indicate the year in which papers were circulated, followed by the location of the conference for that year. Within each year the listing is arranged alphabetically by family name of the author of the paper, or the name of the organization or group (e.g. Dance Notation Bureau, London Labanotators) that prepared the paper.

1963 The Laban Art of Movement Centre, Addlestone, England

- Hutchinson, Ann. "Comments by A. Hutchinson on Knust's Principles and Basic Ideas of Kinetography Laban," "Anmerkungen von A. Hutchinson zu Knust's Grundsätze und Grundbegriffe der Kinetographie Laban."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Principles and Basic Ideas of Kinetography Laban."

1965 Folkwang Hochschule, Essen-Werden, West Germany

- Dance Notation Bureau. "Possible Changes That Will Be Made in LAB for Unification with KIN-Knust." June 64
- Dance Notation Bureau. "Reply to Knust's Paper on Pelvic Movements."

- Hutchinson, Ann. "Dynamics (Strength Measurement Signs)." Hutchinson, Ann. "Meaning of Place Low for a Leg Gesture." Knust, Albrecht. "Pelvic Movements," "Die Beckenbewegungen "
- Knust, Albrecht. "Position Signs Near Direction Signs."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Supplement to Handbook of Kinetography Laban, " "Nachtrag zum Abriss der Kinetographie Laban."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Supplement to my papers about the 3 Crosses of Axes and the Fixed Points," "Ergänzungen zu meinen Arbeiten über die Drei Achsenkreuze und die Fixpunkte."
- Knust, Albrecht. "The Fixed Points and the Crosses of Axes," "Die Fixpunkte und die Achsenkreuze."
- Knust, Albrecht. "The Three Crosses of Axes" Oct. 1963 & March 1964, "Die Drei Achsenkreuze.'
- Leeder, Sigurd. "Guidances"—no paper, see report.

- Preston-Dunlop, Valerie. "Suggested Rules for the Centre of Gravity," "Vorschlag fur eine Schwerpunktregel."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Position Signs Near Direction Signs," "Positionzeichen neben Richtungzeichen"

1967 The Laban Art of Movement Centre, Addlestone, England

Bartenieff, Irmgard. "The Potential in Kinetography."

Hutchinson, Ann and Dance Notation Bureau. "Differences Between LAB/KIN."

Hutchinson, Ann. "Circling, Circular Path, Spirals." Hutchinson, Ann. "A. Hutchinson to all: Report on Essen visit 4/67: Action Stroke— Guidances—Breathing—Staple—The 3rd Column—The Cartwheel Sign—Floor Plan—Pins—Terminology: Cross of Axes—Length of Steps—Signs for Fingers— Symbols for the Part of the Spine—Supporting on the Hips—En Croix -Repeat Signs-Touches."

Hutchinson, Ann. "Cartwheeel Sign. Circular Paths around the Vertical Axis."

- Hutchinson, Ann. "Fundamentals of Movement Arranged Under the Divisions of Nouns, Verbs, and Adverbs."
- Knust, Albrecht and Gisela Reber. "Thoughts About the Flow of Movement in Steps," "Gedanken über den Bewegungsfluss bei Schritten."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Addition to and corrections in the paper on 'Planned and accepted changes in Kinetographic rules and symbols," "Zusätze und Korrekturen zu dem Artikel 'Geplannte u. vorgenommenne Änderungen der Kinetographisches Regeln u. Schriftzeichen."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Anmerkungen zu den Problemen der Positionzeichen neben Richtungszeichen.
- Knust, Albrecht. "Breathing."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Circular Paths in Vertical Planes," "Kreiswege in senkrechten Ebene."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Excluding the Body Sign from the Duration."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Planned and Accepted Changes in Kinetographic Rules and Symbols," "Geplante und vorgenommenne Änderungen der Kinetographischen Regeln und Schriftzeichen."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Relating to the Direction of the Path," "Beziehungen zur Wegrichtung."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Remarks by Knust on A. Hutchinson's note on Hand Rotation," "Anmerkungen von Knust zu A. Hutchinson's Brief 'über Handrotationen'."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Resumé on Upper Body Movements."
- Knust, Albrecht. "The Application of the Theory of the Three Crosses of Axes to Rotations," " Die Anwendung der Theorie der drei Achsenkreuze auf Rotationen." Knust, Albrecht. "The New Rule for Retention Signs in the Support Column," "Die neue
- Regel für Pausenzeichen in der Übertragunsspalte, Vorbemerkung."
- Knust, Albrecht. "The Term: Personal Cross of Axes, " "Der Fachausdruck: das personliche Achsenkreuz."
- Knust, Albrecht. "The Visuality of Kinetography Laban (Labanotation)," " Die Bildhaftigkeit der Kinetographie Laban (LAB)."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Thoughts About the Notation of Elasticity, " "Gedanken über die Notierung der Elastizität."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Front Signs with Specific Meaning." Notes added to Conference Report.
- Szentpál, Mária. "Problems in Ballroom Notation."

1969 Hoorneboeg Conference Centre, Hilversum, Holland

Hutchinson, Ann. "Indication of Difference Between Rotation and Twist."

Hutchinson, Ann. "Indication of Paths and Degrees of Movement for Gestures."

Hutchinson, Ann. "System of Reference for Head Tilts." Hutchinson, Ann. "The Family Tree of Fundamentals of Movement." Knust, Albrecht. "Circular Paths in Vertical Planes (Cart-Wheel and Somersault Paths)."

Knust, Albrecht. "The Definition of the Meaning and the Use of the Various Pin Signs When They Are Written in a Rotation Sign and the Definition of the Meaning and the Use of the Signs of the Various Crosses of Axes When They are Relating to Rotations," "Definition der Bedeutung u. der Anwendung der verschiedenen Positionzeichen wenn sie in einem Rotationzeichen für die Achsenkreuze, wenn sie in einem Rotationzeichen stehen und Definition der Bedeutung u. der Anwendung der Zeichen für die Achsenkreuze, wenn sie auf Rotationen bezug nehmen."

Knust, Albrecht. "The Standard Retention."

Preston-Dunlop, Valerie. "Motif Writing Developments 1967/69."

Preston-Dunlop, Valerie. "Rotations Around Principal Axes."

Preston-Dunlop, Valerie (Chairman of the Research Committee). "Work Not Concluded"

Szentpál, Mária. "Miscellaneous Problems." Szentpál, Mária. "Suggestions About the Further Use of the Inner Subsidiary Column."

Venable, Lucy in collaboration with Billie Mahoney and Philippa Heale. "The Question of How We Write and Read Timing in Kinetography."

1971 University of Leeds, Leeds, England

- Hutchinson, Ann. "Facing Pins and Suggested Augmentation."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Shorthand for Labanotation."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Suggested Indication for Time."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Body Narrowness and Wideness and Space Narrowness and Wideness," "Die körperliche u. die raumliche Enge u. Weite." Knust, Albrecht. "Further Clarifications."
- Preston-Dunlop, Valerie. "Circular Paths and/or Rotations, a paper exploring the relation between the two."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Problems 1971: The Problem of Carrying Along, The Problem of Notating the Direction of the Rotated Head, The Problem of Some New Keys." "Probleme 1971: das Problem des Mitfuhrens - das Problem der Notierung der Richtung des gedrehten Kopfes - das Problem einigen neuen Schlussel."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Comments to 'Suggested Indication for Time'."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Comments to Knust's Paper and Further Clarifications."

Szentpál, Mária. "The Application of the Inner Subsidiary Column." Szentpál, Mária. "The Meaning of the 'x' in the Support Column Near a Leg Gesture."

1973 Nonington College of Physical Education, Nonington, Kent, England

- Knust, Albrecht. "Acrobatics, A. Knust to Research Committee."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Comments to Maria Szentpal's All Fours Paper."
- Knust, Albrecht. "Walking on All Fours: A. Knust to Research Committee." Szentpál, Mária. " 'Normal' Distance in Standing." Szentpál, Mária. "Acrobatics."

- Szentpál, Mária. "Kneeling."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Lying." Szentpál, Mária. "Sitting."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Supports on All Fours."

1975 Sigurd Leeder School, Herisau, Switzerland

Comments to the 1975 Conference Papers, no author. Hutchinson, Ann and Maria Szentpal. "Track Pins." Hutchinson, Ann. "Pins for Minor Movements: Monopins: Charts." Hutchinson, Ann. "The Meaning of Pins." Hutchinson, Ann. "Overview of Pin Problems." Hutchinson, Ann. "Shape, Shape Writing." Knust, Albrecht. "The Direction of the Progression and the Direction of the Path." Szentpál, Mária. "Supports on All Fours (Split Body & DBP)."

1977 East Sussex College of Higher Education, Eastbourne, England

Hutchinson, Ann. "I.C.K.L. Discussions 1959-75." (List of 282 Items not previously decided by vote)

Knust, Albrecht. "Comments to the Items on the 282 List."

Sheets "A" and Sheets "B" (Technical material discussed at 1977 Conference, selected from 282 List)

Wachtel, Irene. "The Meaning of Place."

1979 Les Fontaines Cultural Centre, Chantilly, France

Archbutt, Sally. "Notation and the Dynamic Aspects of Dance."

Eckerle. C, comments by. "Foot/knee Supports."

Geer, Edna and Ann Hutchinson. "Retention of Weight in the Support Column."

Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Categories of Pin Usages."

- Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Design Writing (changed to Design Drawing), Chapter 30 for Labanotation Textbook II."
- Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Deviations, Chapter 29 for Labanotation Textbook II." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Foot/Knee Supports, Chapter 31 for Labanotation Textbook II (Work in Progress)."

- Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Minor Movements." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Track Pins." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Validity—Part One: Survey of Validity Rules, Part Two: Points to Discuss."

Hutchinson, Ann and colleagues. "'Extremity' of the Arm, Investigation." Hutchinson, Ann and colleagues. "Proposal: Curved Path for Third Degree Points."

Hutchinson, Ann. "Action Stroke—Duration Line." Digest and modification based on Bill Reynolds' Paper (1975) on the subject, with contributions by Edna Geer.

Hutchinson, Ann. "List of 282 Items." Lange, Roderyk. "Comments on 'Curved Path for Third Degree Points'." Lange, Roderyk. "The 'Vertical', 'Centre' and 'Place'."

Marion, Sheila. "Closed Positions of the Feet."

1981 The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, USA

Eckerle, Christine. "Response to 'Black Pins in Closed Positions of the Feet'."

Fox, Ilene and Jane Marriett. "Angling or Approaching the Surface of Support in Different Directions."

Fox, Ilene and Jane Marriett. "Kneeling."

Hutchinson, Ann. "Aspects of Time."

Research Panel. "Unification—5 items from the 282 List."

- Research Panel. "Validity Summary." Written by Judy Van Zile
- Research Panel. "Revised Validity Paper." Written by Judy Van Zile Szentpál, Mária. "Direction from a Body Part."

- Szentpál, Mária. "The Meaning of the Inner Subsidiary Column (ISC)." Szentpál, Mária. "Time Signs, Items 180-181 of the 'List of 282'." Ullmann, Lisa. "Spatial Forms and Their Innate Dynamic Content: Examples by Lisa Ullmann."

1983 Marymount College, Tarrytown, New York, USA

Fox, Ilene and Jane Marriett. "Angling—Revised 1983, or Approaching the Surface of Support in Different Directions."

Fox, Ilene and Jane Marriett. "Kneeling-Foot/Kneel-ICKL 1983."

- Hutchinson, Ann. "Clarification of 'Point of Reference for the Arm'."
- Lange, Roderyk. "The Principles and Basic Concepts of Laban's Movement Notation." written by Roderyk Lange and submitted by Principles Committee formed in
 - 1979: Roderyk Lange (Chairman), Muriel Topaz, Jacqueline Challet-Haas.
- London Labanotators. "Analogy and Repeat Signs."
- London Labanotators. "Validity Proposal."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Moving Into and Out of Open Positions," a proposal made to the Dance Notation Bureau. Report written by Ilene Fox.
- Moekle, J.W. with the Dance Notation Bureau, edited by Judy Van Zile. "Proposal for a New Sign—♦."
- Van Zile, Judy. "Automatic Retention: A Working Paper Concerning Validity." Van Zile, Judy. "Items on Trial from 1981." Presented by Judy Van Zile, Chair of the Research Panel.
- Van Zile, Judy. "Point of Reference in Describing Positions of the Arms."
- Wolz, Carl. "A Proposal for a Revised and Expanded System of Symbols for On and Off Stage Areas."
- Wolz, Carl. "A Proposal for New Symbols for the Head and Its Parts."

1985 Brighton Polytechnic—Falmer Site, East Sussex, England

Cook, Ray. "Ad Lib."

- Fox, Ilene, compiler. "Unfinished Business." Items recommended for trial and never resolved, items for further investigation, unresolved proposals, deferred items, items deferred for further research.
- Grelinger, Els. "Problems and Inconsistencies in Circling as Presented in 'A Dictionary of Kinetography Laban' vols. I and II, A. Knust."
- Guest, Dr. Ann Hutchinson and Maria Szentpál. "Time Signs."
- Hutchinson, Ann (concept) and Jane Marriett (paper organizer). "Polar Pins for Minor Movements (Monopins)."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Motif Description-Time Signs."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Paths for Gestures." Hutchinson, Ann. "Peripheral Path for Third Degree Points."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Staples, Carets."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Use of \times and \backsim as Pre-Signs." Hutchinson, Ann. "Validity of Part Leading (Guidance) Bow."
- Marion, Sheila. "Areas of the Foot and Hand."
- Moekle, Janet W. and Ilene Fox. "A Proposal for a Revised and Expanded System of Retention Signs (A Validity Issue)."
- Moekle, Janet W. "Validity: Working Ideas Based on Column Hierarchy."

Szentpál, Mária. "Direction from a Body Part (DBP): A System for Determining Direction for Supports and Gestures that Contact the Floor in Relation to a Particular Body Part (slightly edited version of paper in 1981 Conference Proceedings).

Szentpál, Mária. "Internal Staff Extender: Proposal for a New Sign."

- Szentpál, Mária. "Introduction into the System of the Sign ' \circlearrowright '."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Line of Balance."
- Szentpál, Mária. "Normal Step Length." Szentpál, Mária. "Problems Concerned with the Center of Gravity."
- Szentpál, Mária. "The Indication of Intention." Szentpál, Mária. "The One-Movement-Bow." Van Zile, Judy. "Measurement Signs." Van Zile, Judy. "Validity: A Conference Preparation Guide."

1987 Centre de la Marlagne, Wepion Nr. Namur, Belgium

Doris, Virginia. "Measurement Signs in the Support Column and Related Indications." Fox, Ilene. "A New Focal Front Sign." Fox, Ilene. "Validity of the Part Leading/Guiding Bow." Fox, Ilene. "Validity: Yet Another Proposal." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Action Stroke Meaning Each Direction and Level." (Withdrawn) Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Carets and Staples." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "D.B.P. for Gestures." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Icosahedron Key." (Withdrawn) Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Signs for Spreading, Closing." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Signs for the Joints of the Legs." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Simultaneous Contraction and Rotation." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Spot Hold for the Foot." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Symbology for 'Any Surface'." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Symbology for Contraction Over a Diagonal Surface." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "The Place Middle Pin." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "The Use of \circ and \Box in the Support Column." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Unfolding." Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "Vertical Bows -Validity." Marion, Sheila. "Areas of the Hand and Foot." Perrottet, Claude. "Discussion of Spine Sign." Richards, Terri. "Inner Subsidiary Column." Rotman, Leslie. "The Drawing of En Croix Repeats." Szentpál, Mária. "'Zed' Caret and Its Augmented Usage." Van Zile, Judy. "Finger Fan: An Item of Unfinished Business." Venable, Lucy . "A Proposal for the Use of the Caret ($\langle \text{ or } \rangle$) Which Involves the Elimination of the Staple."

1989 York University, Toronto, Canada

Archbutt, Sally. "Key to the Model Illustrating the Reference of the Direction Signs in KL/LN."

- Archbutt, Sally. "KIN/LAB Notation of Single Joint and Combined Joint Action: Its Relation to Anatomical Analysis and Terminology."
- Barracuda, Karen. "Anatomical Descriptions of: The Spinal Column & Joint Movements." (Revised March 1989)

Barracuda, Karen. "KL/LN for Recording Ideokinetic Exercises." plus Addendum. Fox, Ilene. "A New Focal Front Sign."

Fox, Ilene. "Validity."

- Fügedi, János with cooperation of Mária Szentpál. "A Proposal for a Revised System of Intermediate Directions and for Standard Palm Facing."
- Hutchinson, Ann. "Zed Caret: Notes by Ann Hutchinson." (manuscript)
- Marion, Sheila. "Keys for Thought."
- Reynolds, William C. "Action Stroke—Duration Line." (revised 1989) Reynolds, William C. "Knust's Formulas for Group Formations."
- Reynolds, William C. "Meeting Line and Focal Point." (revised 1988)
- Reynolds, William C. "Retention of Support."
- Reynolds, William C. "Signs for Sex of Performers." Reynolds, William C. "The Concept of Normal." (revised 1989)

- Szentpál, Mária. "Name and Meaning." Szentpál, Mária. "Pre-Staff Indications." Szentpál, Mária. "The Floorwork-Staff."
- van Haarst, Rob. "Reconstructing KIN/LN Grammar."
- Venable, Lucy. "1989 Proposal for the Use of the 'Z' or 'Zed' Caret."

1991 MTA Zenetudomanyi Intezet, Budapest, Hungary

- Challet-Haas, Jacqueline. "Resource: The Use of Retentions within the Laban System of Notation." 1989
- Corey, Mary. "Floor Work: Mixed Supports and Quasi-Acrobatic Movement."
- Eckerle, Christine. "Minor Movements." Eckerle, Christine. "Some Thoughts on Kneeling as Written in Kinetography Laban." Fox, Ilene, compiler. "Floorwork Examples."

Fox, Ilene. "Floorwork: A Summary of the Current Rules." Fox, Ilene. "Introduction to Validity 1991, " includes background from 1987 and 1989 papers.

Hutchinson, Ann and Ann Rodiger. "Time Signs."

van Haarst, Rob. "Kinetography Laban: Validity of Movement Indications Based on Physical (Actual) Contradiction."

CHAPTER III LISTING OF NON-TECHNICAL PAPERS & TALKS: 1979-1991 compiled by Lucy Venable

This is a chronological list of non-technical papers presented at ICKL conferences from 1979-1991. In most cases these are full papers submitted by the author for publication in the conference proceedings; in some cases, indicated here by "(summary)," the published item is a summary of a presentation or discussion.

Section headings indicate the conference at which the paper was delivered Within each year the listing is arranged alphabetically by family name of the author of the paper, or the name of the group (e.g. Dynamics Panel) that presented. Numbers in parentheses are the page numbers in the proceedings on which the papers may be found.

1979 Les Fontaines Cultural Centre, Chantilly, France

Alagna, Yvette. "The Speedy Production of Labanotation Scores with the IBM Typewriter Ball." (17)

Dai, Ai-lien. "Laban's Influence In China." (15-16)

Lange, Roderyk. "Albrecht Knust: Dancer and Kinetographer." (7-13) Lange, Roderyk. "The Notation of Group Movements." (summary) (35)

- Pforsich, Janis. "The Laban Institute of Movement Studies." (14)
- Ullmann, Lisa. "Rudolf Laban." (summary) (6) Van Zile, Judy. "Exploring Notation as a Research Tool: Implications of Selected Projects on Asian and Pacific Dance." (18-34)

Warner, Mary Jane. "The Documentation and Preservation of Dance Scores." (14-16)

1981 The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, USA

- Archbutt, Sally. "Notation and the Dynamic Aspects of Dance." (83) Archbutt, Sally. "The Evaluation of Major Contemporary Dance Notational Systems and the Implications for Dance and Dance Education." (summary) (132)
- Dynamics Panel: Sally Archbutt, Janis Pforsich, Maria Szentpal, Muriel Topaz, Lisa Ullmann, Lucy Venable, Chair. (summary) (93)
- Guest, Ann Hutchinson. "New Motif Writing Developments." (128-131)
- Hackney, Peggy, supported by Janis Pforsich. "Dynamics Exploration." (114)

Maletic, Vera. "Observational Recordings Used for the Comparative Analysis of Style of Twyla Tharp and Dan Wagoner Choreography." (summary) (134-135)

"Report of the 'Principles Committee' of ICKL." (124-125)

Sealey, Dave. "Computers and Labanotation." (summary) (126-127)

- Szentpál, Mária. "Report on Teaching Laban's Notation in Riga, USSR in 1980." (summary) (133)
- Ullmann, Lisa. "Spatial Forms and Their Innate Dynamic Content." (106) Van Zile, Judy. "Movement Analysis as a Research Tool: A Preliminary Exploration of Potential Uses (Bartenieff, Hackney, True Jones, Van Zile, Wolz)." (summary) (135 - 136)

Venable, Lucy. "Dynamics Summary." (118-123)

Wolz, Carl. "Notating the Handling of Japanese Fans." (summary) (133)

1983 Marymount College, Tarrytown, New York, USA

- Blum, Odette. "An Initial Investigation into the Analysis and Notation of the Dynamic Phrase in Ghanaian Dance." (100-103)
- Grelinger, Els. "Laban's Scores." (138-145)
- Lange, Roderyk. "Laban's Movement Notation and the Anthropology of Dance." (summary) (99)
- Mahoney, Billie. "Unique Problems in Notating the Tap Dance *Tone Poem*, a Solo by Fred Strickler." (130-132)
- Maletic, Vera. "Dynamics of Phrasing in Movement and Dance." (110-126)
- Nahumck, Nadia Chilkovsky. "Space-Consequent Movement." (133-137)
- Ryman, Rhonda and A.E. Patla, T.W. Calvert. "Adaptation of Labanotation for Clinical Analysis of the Kinematics of Human Gait." (127-129) Van Zile, Judy. "How Much Does a Score Say?." (104-106)

Venable, Lucy. "Korean Project, The OSU Perspective." (107-109)

1985 Brighton Polytechnic—Falmer Site, East Sussex, England

Dai, Ai-lien. "The Development of Labanotation in China." (128)

- Hanstein, Penny. "The Passacaglia Project: Fusing the Academic and Professional Worlds of Dance." (129-131)
- Kane, Angela. "General Certificate of Education 'O' and 'A' Level Examination Studies." (summary) (140)
- Loman, Hettie and Sally Archbutt. "Ophelia." (summary) (139)
- Maletic, Vera. "The Emergence of Kinetography Laban: Its Context and Implications." (107-112)
- Marion, Sheila. "Notating Chinese Kenpo Karate." (119-127) Müller, Grete. "Accents II Technique Study by Sigurd Leeder." (138)
- Perrottet, Claude. "The Special Ways for the Notation of Harmonic Movement (Harmonic Description)." (132-137)
- Preston-Dunlop, Valerie. "Dance Documentation." (112-118)

1987 Centre de la Marlagne, Wepion Nr. Namur, Belgium

Amowitz, Georgette Weisz. "The Notation of Pitching Technique." (108-114)

- Brown, Ann Kipling. "A Research Pilot Project." (132-136) Brown, Ann Kipling. "An Examination of Motif Description in Children's Dance." (105-107)
- Challet-Haas, Jacqueline. "Standardization of Examinations." (Summary) (130) Grelinger, Els. "Reading Movement Choirs." (140-142)
- Jones, Jean Johnson. "Jane's Jumpin' Aerobic Class." (summary) (144)

Lepczyk, Billie. "An Analysis of the Pathways Defined in the Ballet Barre Through Choreutics." (115-129)

Loman, Hettie and Sally Archbutt. "Classwork for Professional Dancers." (summary) (143)

Maletic, Vera. "Dynamics of Dance." (82-102)

- Marion, Sheila. "Beyond Accuracy: Authenticity and Interpretation in Dance Notation." (abstract) (103-104)
- Siddall, Jude. "Inherent Energies To Be Found Within The Spatio/Physical Relationship." (131)
- Verdin, Varina. "Dance Experiences Through Notation." (137-139)

1989 York University, Toronto, Canada

- Archbutt, Sally. "The Hettie Loman Dance Documentation Project." (90) Intravaia, Toni'. "Teaching Classroom Teachers/Students by Way of Labanotation." (88-89) Maletic, Vera. "Issues in Phrasing and Effort Annotations of a Humphrey Score."
- (105-126)
- Marion, Sheila. "Eva Karczag: The Need for a Body-Centered Analysis of Movement." (84-87)
- Nahumck, Nadia Chilkovsky. "Laban Script and a Duncan Legacy ." (127-142)
- Reynolds, William C. "Notation Requirements for Dances with Improvised Structure." (91-104)

Rodiger, Ann. "Motif Writing/Composition." (83) Venable, Lucy. "LabanWriter." (summary) (80-82)

1991 MTA Zenetudomanyi Intezet, Budapest, Hungary

Corey, Mary. "Poles Apart: The Prop Notation of <u>Bamboo Grove.</u>" (122-132)

- Dai, Ai-lien. "A Labanotation Shorthand." (135) Fügedi, János. "An Experiment on Creating a Computer Retrieval System for Labanotation." (146-152)
- Gorchoff, Georgette Amowitz. "The Adventures of Notationman and His Friends-A Teaching Tool." (67-72)
- Loman, Hettie and Sally Archbutt. "Dance Suite 1985 No.1 (The Seasons)." (summary) (136)
- Maletic, Vera. "Qualitative Annotations of Labanotation Scores." (73-103)

Marion, Sheila. "A Comparison of Two Scores of *Billy the Kid*." (107-121)

Motif Writing Discussion: Ann Kipling Brown, Odette Blum, Jacqueline Challet-Haas, Ann Hutchinson Guest, Lucy Venable. (104-106)

Ryman, Rhonda. "Teaching Labanotation in Southeast Asia." (137-145) Van Zile, Judy. "The Use of Space in *Ch'oyongmu*." (55-66)

		APPENDIX I: T	ΉE	LIS	T OF 28	2 ITEMS	
	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		CENTRE OF GRAVITY		II		BODY SIGNS	
1 * 2 * 3 *		Centre of gravity sign to replace New sign agreed by all present Need to look into holds for • . C) agreed Levels in crouching K will consider b) agreed Further discussion Levels after kneeling LN - come up K - stay down	1959 1961 1963 1965 1963 1965 1967 1967	* 13 14		3rd column, discussed Discussed Recommendation: LN consider useing © for chest tilts, and use 3rd column as in K. Unified Unsolved: Possible interpretation of these. Suggested cancellation (ct2) by VPD. People objected.	1959 196 1963 1963 1963 1963
5 *	a) ^o , b) ^o _● ∂	Further discussion, agreed more on it Decision: For center of gravity: Maintain level; without (a) or with, (b) pliancy	1965 1967 1967			Sign for <u>Upper Body</u> shall be: ⁸ Agreements and unifications: 8	1965 196
6 7		Maintain line of gravity, sign proposed Weight is centered. Diana Lange, J. Challet and	1973 1973	17	. ●	can be written in 3rd column in case of doubt. Unresolved: Pre-sign for levels of upper body.	1967
В		S. Archbutt disagree Centre of Gravity: Abbreviation in writing levels- Use of a) instead of full version	 1974 Kt	18 * 19 *	etc.	Suggested signs for 46 parts of Torso Agreed Extended torso (torso plus thighs in one unit) Knust's rule	195 196 195
9	a) b)	b) Weight Distribution In supporting (leaning) indica- tion of amount of weight sharing - equal, less, more.	1974 Kt	ł		Body section signs accepted Knust adopts	196 196
0	• •	Centre of Gravity/Focal Point: Need to have different signs for these two ideas to avoid occasional conflict. Proposed indications for focal point (instead of	1973	20 *	li etc. ⊠ sign	K agreed to accept sign for waist	196

	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		BODY SIGNS (contd.)				SHIFTS (contd.)	-
21	ofor spine	Conference - try out	1961	34			1969
		No better sign found	1969	(cont)		K agrees shifting is movement	1975
22	C Ċ	Sign for <u>face</u> . K adopts LN	1963			on a straght path K questions the ability of the	
	K LN		1000	35 _*	Tilt	pelvis to tilt	1963
23	Chest facing	Sign for <u>chest facing</u>	1963			K agreed	1965
		(not ICKL report)	1903			adopted	1967
	K LN	a - flexible torso		36 _*	$\left[\begin{array}{c} & X \times \\ H & H + H \end{array} \right]$	Pelvic rotation K will consider adopting a)	1963
24 米		b - rigid torso	1963		a) 🖲 b)	K adopts a)	1965
	a) b)		1965	37		Both can be used.	1965
		Decision:	1967	*			
25 米		Shoulder movements <u>Epaulement</u> .					
	T		1965	38 _*		Straight path gestures, sign for	1967
	К	LN: T K agree to LN		*		K adopt.	
26		Fixed end of pelvis discussed Discussions Paper I K to R.C.	1 <u>965</u>	0.0		Shifts	
	×	A.H. comments	1969	39	Тイ	For MW: a) & b) show paths for	1975
27	11 11	a)Shoulder section of spine upper chest			a)⊈ b) [∲]	limbs c) proposed for shift of	
	a) b)	b)Shoulder areas	1965		т ß	body part d) suggested to mean "all parts travel an equal	
	/ -/	Provide the second	1970		c) [⊈] d)⊡	distance". K objects to d) since	
28	a	Decision - to be sign for lungs	1970		, ,	in tilts the degree of tilt is the same for each part.	
*	\otimes	Decision - to be sign for large		40		"Away from Point of	1975
29	Γ	Use - (preferable) for lying	1968		AA	Reference", as used in shifts.	1010
					a) b)	a) proposed sign.	
20	K LN	Agreement: general sign for	1973			b) used with a direction symbol.	
30 ₩	1	sitting				CANCELLATIONS	1
	++	For Specific use 🚽 etc		41		Jump_or_no_jump?	1959
31	с С	Sign for Neck			- - -		
31 米	K LN	K and LN have different signs	-			M. On hold size rule	
-	K LN	for the neck K's signs for the parts of the head		42 _*	o rule	M. Sz. hold sign rule Members in favour of looking into	1963
	KĘK	have been adopted by LN, such as			for	this (K likely to adopt shortly)	
		these parts of neck signs, but the				M. Sz. hold sign rule	1965
	$\mathfrak{C}\mathfrak{P}\mathfrak{E}$	old LN general sign for neck is					
		still used Sign for waist: To follow logic in				All adopt	1967
32	□ ⊠ a) b)	the set of torso signs, the waist		43		5	1961
	· _ · _	should be a) instead of b). Chest			7	Rule: Whole limb cancels parts	
	c) [□] d)	-plus-waist c) and			└ cancels /	K stated rule whole limb cancels	1965
		pelvis-plus-waist as d)				parts	
		SHIFTS		44		For limb - when body tilts:-	1961
33		Writing of shifts	1959		∧ -	Automatic space or body hold? (Validity of a symbol)	
	LN KO 1				\Diamond or \bigcirc	+`	<u> </u>
34		K: To mean pelvic shift (for LN	1963			Suggested: for clarity use \diamondsuit or \circ	1963
	<u>г</u> т	it is a tilt)		45 _*	MIN		1965
		Pelvic shifta unresolved.	1965	木	oro	Cancellation indications.	
		(K. Shifting is not a stragiht				LN agree to use 🛛 also	
1 I	LN K				K LN		

CANCELLATIONS (cond.) FLEXION, EXTENSION, (cond.) 46 ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬, ¬		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
10 P			CANCELLATIONS (contd.)		•		FLEXION, EXTENSION, (contd.)	
4 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cancelliation of \bigcirc (and also \bigcirc)19691978197848 \square Recommended sign for release1973 6° \swarrow , \checkmark Unfolding LIN text197948 \square Recommended sign for release1973 6° \checkmark , \checkmark Unfolding LIN text197049LateralLateralLateralLine text1971 6° \checkmark H How many dimensions?197150 a_{1}° b)Spine contraction and extension1961 6° \checkmark μ Meaning of this was questioned.197151 χ Spine contraction and extension1961 6° μ Meaning of this was questioned.197152 χ χ Outference of muscular1961 6° a_{1} μ Recommend for trial a_{1} 52 χ χ χ static for the movement1961 6° a_{1} μ μ static for the direction symbol = h h 54 \neg χ χ areas to LN interpretation1967 6° χ Timing of x next to step1971 γ χ <td< td=""><td></td><td>a) / b) _</td><td>for a) leading - disappears. for b) it remains Unsolved</td><td></td><td>59</td><td>iv = or</td><td>jointed part. a) or b) ? General feeling: b) is more common. (further investigation</td><td>1969</td></td<>		a) / b) _	for a) leading - disappears. for b) it remains Unsolved		59	iv = or	jointed part. a) or b) ? General feeling: b) is more common. (further investigation	1969
FLEXION, EXTENSION 61 A, > Unitoding. IN text 1970 43 Lateral spreading IN put forward this idea. To be considered. spreading 1961 63 X M Ouestion of writing these side by solved what is meaning? 1971 50 a) b) b) Spine contraction and extension 1961 64 Maining of this was questioned. For torso does a curve result? 1971 51 x Difference of muscular contraction 1961 64 Maining of this was questioned. For torso does a curve result? 1971 52 x Orightering of this was questioned. For torso does a curve result? 1971 1971 52 x (with direction symbol = concave curve into the direction of the movement 1961 65 a) LN Turning on ground while bending the legs 1971 53 M = K & agrees to LN interpretation of the arm would be understood for a) or b) 1962 67 M Proposed for trial: sign for neither stretched nor bent 1973 54 M = M & K agrees of stretch or the limbs. Proposal carried that A is "accepted" (more a "teeling" than anatomically possible or section; contraction. extension K adopt 1967 68 10 11071 1974 55 M(instead of -/			Cancellation of \diamondsuit (and also \diamondsuit) Recommended sign for release		60 _*	× 1	Agreed:	1969
49 Lateral spreading LN put forward this idea. To be considered. 1961 63 ∠u Question of writing these side by sidewhat is meaning? 1971 50 a) b) Spine contraction and extension (a a) 1965 64 Iv Meaning of this was questioned. For torso does a curve result? 1971 51 X Difference of muscular contraction 1961 64 Iv Meaning of this was questioned. For torso does a curve result? 1971 52 X C (with direction symbol = concave curve into the direction of the movement 1961 65 a) Difference of muscular 1971 53 Y = to M Yes for LN; for K = only 1961 1967 66 a) b) Stretching of Limbs. 1971 54 Yes for LN; for K = only 1963 1963 67 M Proposed for trail: sign for neither stretched nor bent 1973 54 Yes for LN; for K = only 1963 68 Yes for LN; for K = only 1963 68 Yes for LN; for K = only 1963 69 a) b) Lateral Spreading. Closing: to one neither stretched nor bent 1973 54					61	A,≯		
*** Closing & Tro be considered. 1961 63 ≤ M Clusition of writing these side by side, what is meaning? 1971 50 a) b) Side Spine contraction and extension 1961 64 M Meaning of this was questioned. 1971 51 × Custom of writing these side by side, what is meaning? 1971 1971 52 ✓ C with direction symbol = concave curve into the direction of the movement 1961 65 a) III Pace direction of the movement b) spread b) spread b) spread 1971 53 M = k k garees to LN interpretation of the any would be understood for a) or b Stretching of Limbs. 1963 67 M Proposed for trial: sign for neither stretched nor bent 1971 54 M Stretching of Limbs. 1963 68 IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII		Lateral			62	Н	How many dimensions?	<u>1971</u>
50 a) b b Spine contraction and extension 1961 51 b Difference of muscular contraction 1961 52 contraction symbol = concave curve into the direction of the movement 1961 52 contraction of the movement 1961 66 a) contraction b) spread 66 a) contraction a) contraction 1971 66 a) contraction b) spread 1971 65 a) contraction a) LN Turning on ground while bending the legs 1971 66 a) contraction b) contraction 1971 67 M Proposed for trial: sign for neither stretched nor bent 1971 53 K agrees to LN interpretation of the arm would be understood for a or b 1963 67 M Proposed for trial: sign for neither stretched nor bent 1971 54 Contraction and contraction. extension of the arm would be understood for a or b 1963 68 124 × X Timing of x next to step 1971 10 for limbs Decision: two degrees of stretch for the imbs. Proposal carried that th is "accepted" (more a stressional contraction. extension A copt. 1967 70 Cor 0 me-sided spreading. Closing	49 米	closing & spreading	To be considered.	<u>1965</u>	63	<u>х</u> и	side, what is meaning?	1971
1Implemente of induction196152Implemente of induction196152Implemente of induction196152Implemente of induction196153Implemente of induction196154Implemente of induction196154Implemente of induction196354Implemente of induction196354Implemente of induction196354Implemente of induction196355Implemente of induction19631Implemente of induction196354Implemente of induction196355Implemente of induction19631Implemente of induction19641Implemente of induction19651Implemente of induction19651Implemente of induction19631Implemente of induction19631Implemente of induction19641Implemente of induction19651Implemente of induction19651Implemente of induction19651Implemente of induction19641Implemente of induction	50	a) b) b	•		64	И	•	1971
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	51	,		1961	65	a)		1971
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	52		concave curve into the	1961		b)	b) spread	
53 $H = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ Yes for LN; for K $\square = only$ \square 196167Proposed for trial: sign for neither stretched nor bent197354 \square Stretching of Limbs. it was felt hat hyperextension of hte arm would be understood for a) or b) Meaning of \square and \square for the hand discussed.196367 \square Proposed for trial: sign for neither stretched nor bent197354 \square Stretching of Limbs. it was felt hat hyperextension of hte arm would be understood for a) or b) Meaning of \square and \square for the hand discussed.196368 \square \square \square Image for x next to step Solved Research Committee197168 \square \square \square Solved Research Committee197169a) \square b) \square Lateral Spreading. Closing: to one side closing; b) right side; c) left side spreading; d) right side; side spreading; d) right side.196370 \square \square \square \square \square \square \square 71 \square \square \square \square \square \square \square 72 \square \square \square \square \square \square \square 72 \square \square \square \square \square \square \square 73 \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square 74 \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square 75 \square \square for unification1965 \square \square \square \square \square 76 \square \square for unif					66	a) x x		1971
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $]	N		-	b)		
It was feit that hyperextension of hte arm would be understood for a) or b) Meaning of \sim and \sim for the hand discussed.196368Image: Constraint of the solution of the arm would be understood for a) or b) Meaning of \sim and \sim for the hand discussed.196368Image: Constraint of the solution of the arm would be understood for a) or b)196368Image: Constraint of the solution of the arm would be understood solved Research Committee1971Image: Main of the arm would be understood for a) or b) Meaning of \sim and \sim for the hand discussed.196368Image: Constraint of the solution of the arm would be understood solved Research Committee1971Image: Main of the arm would be understood hand discussed.196368Image: Constraint of the arm would be understood solved Research Committee1971Image: Main of the arm would be understood if the imas. Proposal carried that if is "accepted" (more a "feeling" than anatomically possible or spatial growth.)196769a) $-$ b)Image: Constraint of the arm would be understood solutions.196955M(instead of \sim)LN change top for unification surfaces. Folding, Curving, Contraction, Extension over one side.196772Image: Constraint of the arm would be are and the arm or and the arm over one side.197557 * a)a) - motion b) - destination (Agreed)19681968119681197558 * a)CSin for sagittal spreading to be examined by Research196919681197558 * a)Sin for sagittal spreading to be examined by Research		$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}$	K agrees to LN interpretation		67	M		1973
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	54 *) SS	It was felt that hyperextension of hte arm would be understood	1963	68		5	1971
$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 $		🖞 for limbs	Meaning of — and — for the hand discussed.		69	a) (b) (side only. Suggested signs: a) left	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Ů Ň		1967	70			1060
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			÷ .				Suggestion (for right side)	—
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		× ₩	Three dimensional contraction,	1967		or or	between these two indications.	1975
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	55 *		•		72		time value of following direction	1975
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	56 米		surfaces. Folding, Curving, Contraction, Extension over one			$\times \nu_{\times} \nu_{\times}$	followed by a duration line. What is interpretation of a), b), or	
58 Sign for sagittal spreading to be examined by Research 1969 1969 short distance, short path, c) means a small degree of a) b) c) rotation	57 米	\x/]	All adopt a) - motion	1968	73		small path or small degree of circling? In b) the \times means a	1975
			Sign for <u>sagittal spreading</u> to be examined by Research	1969		↓	c) means a small degree of	

Ror K Interesting		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
KNFinger joints discussed (see no.79)1967 197Image (see 1967)1987 198375SignPalm. sign. different versions palm?1981 19831982 1983Image (see 1983)1983 198376FWhate is und sign. different versions palm?1983 198393Bwnen (see (see 1987)1993 198376FT-vesd for thumb, 19831987 198794Swlem (see (see 1987)Image (see (see (see (see (see (see (see (s			HANDS, FEET, LIMBS				SYSTEMS OF REFERENCE	
KLNno. 791What is direction of lil? Konot of chest. LNWhat is direction of lil? LN <th< td=""><td>74</td><td>E or E</td><td>No conclusion reached</td><td></td><td>91_*</td><td></td><td>when chest is twisted?</td><td>1961 1969</td></th<>	74	E or E	No conclusion reached		91 _*		when chest is twisted?	1961 1969
(b) KImage: Normal section of point sign1963 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	75		no.79)		92 _*	ŀ	What is direction of tilt? K front of chest.	1961
K UN Into dir. conset (Knust abstained.) 76	*		palm?		0.2		LN adopts K's rule	1969 1969
10 + + + for ittile finger 1903 77 È H ort Sign for just below wrist, K 1963 78 È H ort Sign for just below wrist, K 1963 78 È H ort Sign for just below wrist, K 1963 78 È E Unification of joint signs, target to K for unification 1965 79 L L a) = the joint, b) = the limb and b) preferred by Knust 1967 80 k or R Do decision 1967 81 E # Write a) and b) now and b) now infinger - infinger as a limb infinger - infinger as a		n n	K adopted ∏ sign	1967		C 0, C	into dir. of nose (Knust abstained.)	1970
k LNadopts \Box Point feature featu			for little finger		_		System of Reference: Focal	KE
KLNdrawing of LN agree to K for unification $and the point, b) = the joint, bi = the joint, bi = the joint, b) = the joint, bi = the joint, b$	*	K LN	adopts ⊔			+ + a) b)	a stated focal point. a) or b) - key	
79 i	/8 *		drawing of LN agree to K for	1965		c) 🖁 🖣 🖡	addition to direction symbols to	
80 k€ or R€ Drawing of sign? No decision 1967 81 # # Write a) and b) now What will c) mean? 1967 82 E Eingers - a particular finger - finger as a limb Provisional agreement. 1967 83 C, Y, III Signs for limbs: Leach adopt the other 1967 84 Which sign for base of hand, wrist? 1968 85 Exact performance not clear 1969 85 Exact performance not clear 1969 86 Einger fan - decision 1969 87 F, F, IF Sign for hip - referred to Research Committee for exact drawing. 1969 88 Guidance Recommended. (great interest) try out 1965 89 F F F F Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. a) b) c) d) 1975 90 A Differentiation between base of fingers. c), d) specific edges. etc. b) 1975 90 A Cartwheel. Meeling. Kt tand, paim ad finger sections 1975 101 Cartwheel. Cartwheel. Sign for hip - referred to fingers. c), d) specific edges. etc. 1975 101 Sign for hip - referred to thor parts of the hands and feet. a) b) c) d)	79		seament.	1967	96		<u>Systems of Reference</u> : Direction of Body Part (DBP) -	1975
81 ■ ■	80		Drawing of sign?	1967	07	⊧, Petc.	this concept.	1075
82 Images - a particular finger - finger as a limb 1967 Provisional agreement. 1967 Images - finger as a limb 1967 Provisional agreement. 1969 Images - finger as a limb 1969	81			1967	97		Centre- Directions in terms of	1975
Image: Second	82	11111 13771	- finger as a limb	1967			The idea is understood, this	
83 ↓ ↓ ↓ Signs for limbs: 1968 84 Which sign for base of hand, wrist? 1968 84 Which sign for base of hand, wrist? 1969 85 Exact performance not clear 1969 86 Einger fan - decision 1969 87 ↓, ↓, ↓ Sign for hip - referred to Research Committee for exact drawing. 1969 88 Guidance Recommended. (great interest) try out 1965 88 Guidance Recommended. (great interest) try out 1965 89 First of the hands and feet. a) b) c) d) a) palm; b) inner surface of fingers. c), d) specific edges. etc 1975 90 a) b) c) d) b) H Differentiation between base of hand, eal man, palm and finger sections 1975				1969			•	
83 ξ, ξ, μ Signs for limbs: Each adopt the other1968 196984Which sign for base of hand, wrist? Referred to Research Committee1969a)b)an arrow. (based on direction of path system of reference). Objection: a forward arrow in dir. symbols other than: Not accepted85EExact performance not clear196999MKK suggests the letter M for"motion b) another suggestion86EEinger fan - decision1969100Image: Commended in the suggestionREVOLUTION87F, H, HSign for hip - referred to Research Committee for exact drawing.1969100Image: Commended in the suggestionImage: Commended in the suggestion88GuidanceRecommended. (great interest) try out1965101Image: Commended in the suggestionImage: Commended in the suggestion89FFFHHand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. a) pam; b) inner surface of fingers. c). d) specific edges. etc1975Image: Commended in the suggestionImage: Commended in the suggestion90a)DDifferentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections1975Image: Commended in the suggestionImage: Commended in the suggestion90a)DDifferentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections1975Image: Commended in the suggestionImage: Commended in the suggestion90a)DDifferentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections1975Image: Commended in			· · ·	1973	98			1975
Image: State of the second	83	¢, \$, κ ιν ^{\$}		1968		a)	path system of reference).	
85Exact performance not clear1969MKKSuggests the letter M for "motion86Finger fan - decision1969100Kb) another suggestion86Finger fan - decision1969100Iog roll orLN: use or Keys unfamiliar to others87F, H, HSign for hip - referred to Research Committee for exact drawing.1969100Iog roll orLN: use or Keys unfamiliar to others88GuidanceRecommended. (great interest) try out1965101KBody "wheeling" LN. "Around the clock" (which was K's former way) K. will add + to [89FI FI FI a) b) c) d)Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. a) palm; b) inner surface of fingers. c), d) specific edges. etc.1975Io4Sign for "Any Cartwheel": Indication of either to right or left.90a) b)Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections1975Io4Finder "Any Cartwheel": Indication of either to right or left.	84	^[1] , 약, 부	wrist?	1969		c)	symbols other than:	
86 Finger fan - decision 1969 100 Iog roll roll or LN: use ∐ or ◆ Keys unfamiliar to others 87 +, +, + Sign for hip - referred to Research Committee for exact drawing. 1969 100 Image: Keys unfamiliar to others 88 Guidance Recommended. (great interest) try out 1965 101 Image: Keys unfamiliar to others 89 Finder Finder Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. a) b) c) d 101 Image: Keys unfamiliar to others 80 Finder Finder Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. a) b) c) d 1973 Kt 90 a) b) Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections 1975 104 Image: Keys unfamiliar to others 90 a) b) Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections 1975 104 Image: Keys unfamiliar to others	85			1969	99	•	b) another suggestion	n"
87 ⊢, ⊢, ⊢ Sign for hip - referred to Research Committee for exact drawing. 1969 Image: Wheel? K: □ = log roll; ⊥ = wheeling 88 Guidance Recommended. (great interest) try out 1965 Image: Wheel? K: □ = log roll; ⊥ = wheeling 89 ⊢, ⊢, ⊢ Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. a) b) c) d 1973 Image: Wheel? K: □ = log roll; ⊥ = wheeling 101 Image: Wheel? K: □ = log roll; ⊥ = wheeling Image: Wheeling LN. "Around the clock" (which was K's former way) 89 ⊢, ⊢, ⊢ Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. a) palm; b) inner surface of fingers. c), d) specific edges. etc. 1973 Image: Wheeling Image: Wheeling 90 a) b) □ Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections 1975 104 Image: Wheel? Sign for "Any Cartwheel": Indication of either to right or left.	86 *		Finger fan - decision	1969	100	[] roll	LN: use or ◆	1961
88 Guidance Recommended. 1965 Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 88 Guidance (great interest) try out 1965 Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 89 Image: Find Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. 1973 Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 89 Image: Find Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. 1973 Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 89 Image: Find Hand Section: Further breakdown for parts of the hands and feet. 1973 Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 90 a) palm; b) inner surface of fingers. c). d) specific edges. etc. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 90 B) Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 90 B) Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. Image: Contraining. 90 B) Image: Contraining. Image: Contremaining. Image: Contraining.	87	Γ <u>,</u> ⊢ ,		1969		wheel?	K: 🔟 = log roll; 🗍 = wheeling	
89 Image: Angle of the stands and feet. 1973 a) b) c) d) b) c) d) a) palm; b) inner surface of fingers. c), d) specific edges. etc. Kt 90 a) b) c) d) Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections 1975	88	Guidance	Recommended.	1965	101		LN. "Around the clock" (which was K's former way) K. will add + to	1969
a) b) c) d) a) palm; b) inner surface of fingers. c), d) specific edges. etc. 103 Image: Cartwheel, different signs New sign accepted 90 a) b) d) Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections 1975 104 Image: Cartwheel different signs New sign accepted Image: Cartwheel different signs New sign accepted	89	╒╒┍			102 米			1970
90 a) Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections 1975 104 Sign for "Any Cartwheel": 101 102 104 104 104 104 104			a) palm; b) inner surface of		103 米		⊢−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−−	1959 1967
b) palm; c) fingers.	90	a) b) c)	Differentiation between base of hand, palm and finger sections for the surface signs. a) base;	1975	104		Sign for "Any Cartwheel": Indication of either to right or left a) and b) AH suggestions.	1967

	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		INCLUSIONS		<u> </u>		PINS(continued)	<u> </u>
105 米	inclusion	It was decided to accept the inclusion_bow		117	$ \begin{array}{c c} \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \\ K \\ \hline \\ K \\ \hline \\ LN \\ \hline \\ \end{array} $	<u>Stage Plan</u> : Signs for people on, Signs for people	1968
106		Degrees × ú Partial support	1967 1963	118	a) ⊥ b) ∔	Sign for "person": K uses a) b) suggested for "person" to make both sets of pins available to all	—
*	() () a) b)	a) agreed by all b) understood by everyone K adopt	1967	119		Clarification: K's use of pins for ☐ supports: ↓ = place between the 2 feet	1973
107	ι C K LN	or Indicate specific inclusion of body for a bigger head tilt. K. agree?	1965		F κ MSz	 → = at L. of or under L. foot when → = at R. of or under R. foot when 	
108 109	a) 🕑 b) 🎚		1965	120	a) c b)c	Pins for small movements: Which for small head tilts? K uses a) for isolated mvt, b) for repeated mvt.	1975
*	a) 🤇 🖣	Agreement and unification When twist included (freer in- clusion) box ends are left out (b)	1967 1967	121	з, с. , с.	Pins for Minor Movements: Proposed addition to indicate that movement is at right angles to the shaft of the limb. Consensus: it would help analysis. (unresolved)	1975
	c) (Agreed - general statement for amount of inclusion (c)		122		Pins for Minor Movements: re Keys - Suggested modification of pin to show which key is being	1975
110 米		Exclusion from duration (Agreed)	1967			used. Some including Knust in favour. Others prefer to use the keys. (Unresolved)	
111	exclude	Need to say " <u>exclude</u> " Sign proposed Used in	1 <u>971</u> 1973 1975	123	<u>していていていていていていていていていていたい。</u> 人ンーイー(<u>etc.</u>	<u>Monopins</u> : The need for and use of monopins to be tried out. (Recommendation)	1975
112 米		PINS Placement of pins. LN agrees pins usually better placed on inside	1963	124	< [\] }>- - -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,	Monopins: Proposed Key for- Suggestions for a key stating the monopin idea.	1975
	K LN a) b)	<u>Meaning of pins?</u> in a)? Performance: what part in front? All agree on b) and c) Performance of a) not agreed Further discussion, no solution	1963	125	∧ ⊙ a) b) ⊣⊢	Pins for Minor Movements: Cancellation of pin - If timing of displacement and re- turn to normal are not even and/or continuous, a) or b) can be used. c) could be used to indicate return	
	c)	Further discussion for legs	1969	126	c) a)± <u>+</u>	centre, centre point. (Unresolved) Shifts:	1975
114 米	L L	Intermediate directions, LN could use LN adopted	1963 1969	127	b)ÎÎÎ	a) and b) - two ways of writing small shifts proposed. (Unresolve <u>Pins for Intermediate Directions:</u> The Pin should be tied to the di-	
115	In between direction	K consider abandoning this for	1963	 		rection symbol.(Recommendation.) Suggestion: a staple or a bow should be used. (Unresolved)	
116 米	<u>↓</u> .	⊔ Front signs changed to 由 ⊠	1965	128	a) b)	<u>Pins</u> : Categories Involving Questions a) next to a step b) next to a leg gesture	1975
不	`∎, `⊳ K LN	All agree. \square		129	c)	c) next to torso and head mvts.	

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	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		PINS (continued)		I		KEYS	
130		Use of Pins: Agreed-	1975	140		Keys discussed, 🔶, 🔶	1963
*		Black pins next to arm directions shall mean relationship.		*	<u> </u>		1965
		Isolated pins should continue to be		141	Term:	Name for to be officially	1967
		used for small single mvts.		*	"Standard Cross of	changed to "Standard Cross of	
131 米	<u> </u>	<u>Pins</u> : For Positions of the Feet White pins based on the key a) for	1975		Axes"	Axes"	
不	Ψ	positions of the feet when ir-		142 ¥	↑ ₼	Cross of Directions of the path. Agreed	1967
		regular rotations of the legs make the standard black pins, based on	ļ	143		Direction of progression (L.O.D.)	1967
	b) 🕂	key b) difficult to understand.		*		key (Agreed)	
		Idea accepted.		144 米	igodot	Decision: This sign means retention according to the standard C of A.	1969
132		Pins: System of Reference - which to use -	1975		<u> </u>	(K's idea)	
		a) with addressing signs		145	1 ∩ =-↔-	-⊹ axis for revolutions,	1971
		b) with dynamic signsc) for deviations			/ , W [−] [♀] key	(not + as K had before). Use + , ⊕ , ☆ body part,	
		d) for minor movements when			etc.	for specific axes.	
100	. k 6	the body is off the vertical Track Signs:	1075	146	-	Agreement: Additional facing pins	1971
133	∔ , ∔ ,∔	Indications for the in between	1975	*	 	for when body is not upright. Any	
	etc.	tracks - no agreement reached.				two surfaces at rt. angles to each	
134		Tracks: Performance - Unsolved:	1975			other will describe spatial situa-	
		1) Exact performance for limb			1	tion of body. Sign for "head end" of body?	
	╽╽╽┠╁	"on" or at centre line, in different states of limb rotation		147	or	recommended for trial.	1971
		and flexion.					
		2) Do leg rotations change the		148	1 1	Unsolved. When changing supports from one part of body to another	1973
		width of tracks for the feet?			= -∲-	while revolving and there is a t	
		 Other clarifications needed for usage. 			or	divided body axis, when does	
135		Track Pins. Need for them	1975		↓ + + + +	reference to $+$ change to $+$ and	
*	⊨ ⊥	agreed.	1070			vice_versa?	
	l ∓ a) b)	a) sagittal centre line.					
	α) Β)	b) modified for different tracks Signs for all centre lines:		149		Accepted. The Keys for:	1973
	⋌ " †	majority in favor of using		*	a) 🛛 🗙 🗴	Accepted. The Reys lot.	1010
	etc.	complete set of track signs				a) small steps	
	elc.	Agreed: signs to be used for			b) $\frac{1}{X}$ $\frac{1}{X}$	b) bent legs, etc	
		relation of arms to centre line for		150	X	Proposed: <u>Key for Icosahedral</u>	1973
		gestures and supporting on the hands.			Ŀ)	Direction for gestures	
		SUPPORTS, STEPS	1	ł	$\overrightarrow{\alpha}, \overleftarrow{\alpha}$ etc.		
136	<u>h</u> h	Agreement: meaning of a		151	ICO for		1973
*		direction symbol for steps and	1963		steps	to_icosahedral_structure	
	a)Ш b)⊡	jumps		152	•	Direction from Body part	1973
137	, meaning	Agreement. After a position on	1000	*		+ key for "direction from L. knee"	
*	of step	both feet a direction symbol	1963			M. Sz., DPB., Agreed	1975
	\\	means a real step. Write shift of weight				, , ,	1313
138		For <u>echappe</u> : K- no gap needed		153	+	Interpretation: Do keys outside	1975
138	a) 🔬 b) 🛦	LN- write small gap to show	1963		+ <u>1</u> 1	staff affect rotations as well as	
		release of weight. No agreement No progress. Use of c) undertood.				directions?	
		K adopt c)	1 <u>965</u> 1967	154		Keys for Satellite Centre system	1975
139	ĥ	For K: a) = gliding , hop	1963	İ	± .↓	of reference. a) based on Standard C of A.	
	더 도 기	b) = silding support		ł	a) b)	b) based on Body C of A.	
	a) [∐] b) [∐] K LN	LN: release of weight should be shown			, ~,	(no decision)	
				0			

	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		DISTANCE				HOOKS	
155 156	scale 4/4, $8/8\times \times \times ?$	Val: × × × × * * would solve problem Agreed 6/6 scale for X should	1963 1965	167 米		<u>Placement</u> of hooks solved. LN change to K, but hooks not to touch staff lines	1963
*	<u>***</u>	be normal For 8/8 use a key Width of open positions.	1965	168 *		Time significance for hook	1963
157 米		K. From other foot. LN. Twice distance from	1905	169		LN adopted	196? 1965
		K's way easier to explain, LN adopt		100	~ ~	Hooks not attached to staff lines	
158 米	old new	K's rule. LN adopt Distance of sitting. I leg length. Wisdom of this change queried. LN agreed for unification	1965 	170 米	к LN 99, 77	Accepted: Accepted: heel contact	1967
159 米		a) Does here refer to: Distance from other leg (M. Szentpal)	1969	171 米	<pre>✓ or ←</pre>	<u>Unspecified bow</u> for contact (draw larger than hooks to avoid confusion). Agreed	1969
	a)	Agreement: as a convention: × = near floor	? 1971	172		<u>Heel and toe drop</u> have been accepted. K abstained from voting, wished to confer with G. Reber	1969
		b) legs near floor		- -	୭ ୦	Used in ICKL report	1973
160	Step length	Step - length: M.Sz gap length	1973	173		Placement of toe? Where if were to follow?	1973
161	Distance	Is a sign for "distance" needed? Suggested sign (Kinetographer, 1975)	1973 KE	174		Caret to mean "refer forward" i.e. to what is coming next	1973
162	a)⊥ b)⊥	Unsolved. K. & VPD. disagree as to meaning (closing, opening ranks) All agree on c) & d) T T for closing and opening	1967 1969	175		Interpretation: the difference between a) and b) when heeled shoes are worn. is it distance of heel of shoe from the ground?	1975
	ТТ	ranks except Knust $c) \perp d) \perp$				TIME	
	e) ⊥ f)⊥	Agreement (?) on e) and f) for closing and open- ing ranks	1971	176 米	Bow	LN to consider: Time significance for simultaneous bow Vertical bows, meaning?	1963
163 米	\diamond \diamond	Spatially small or large Agreed	1967 1969 and 1971	177		LN adopt compromise solution Writing of slow grasps. If the action of grasping (closing in	1969 1968
164	 a) b) 	<u>Degree</u> : a) sign for maximum b) sign for minimum	1973		V	fingers, etc) should be slow, how best to indicate?	
	[∞K ₎ [∞× ₎	Degree: "As much as possible"	1975	178		<u>Timing</u> : General or exact? When is general timing to be understood, and when exact? When exactly will touch occur in	1969
166	 a) b) 	<u>Indication of numbers</u> : Signs needed to mean many, a great many, as many as possible, applied to a) people; b) directions. Suggested	_	179	a) b) 3	 a)? when in b)? <u>Timing</u>: For a step in Place. Will the foot touch in on ct 2 and complete transference at end of ct 3, or take 2 & 3 to move to place, 	
	 ⇒ ⇒ c) d) 	indications. Or would c) and d) better express this idea?		11-	2	transferring at end?	

	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		TIME (continued)				MISCELLANOUS (continued)	
180	V	K and G Reber: increase and decrease speed of turn. No agreement. K will use until alternative method is found (see no.181)	1969	194 米		LN. use <u>short bar lines</u> also for unification	1965
181	Timing	Symbol for timing general/ specific was recommended for	1969	195	K LN	Suggestion: bar 1 beat 4	1965
	, X	investigation Agreement - need indication for timing. Recommend experiment	1971	196 米		K. still_not_using K. accepts, now to be in a bow: V)	1965 1967
	-	<u>for 2 years.</u>		197 米	\diamond	Agreed - new spot retention sign	1967
182	⊤ -// -0	DYNAMICS LN way of writing tensions discussed	1963	198		\diamondsuit understood to be for foot	1973
183	Dynamics	Dynamics Needs and new signs proposed	1965	199	<u>। २ म अ</u>	Face fixed point (corner of room)	1969
	<u> </u>	by AH. No agreement.		200		Stage Plans, shape for.	1965
184	2 6220 2 6220 2 6 6 6 2	Accent signs were queried K - use either \bigcirc or accents must be written. Accents don't infer automatic immediate release from floor.	1965	8 201		Agreement reached: on b) <u>Refer to floor plan</u> : indication that information is not all spelled out, the floor plan gives the message.	1974
185		Sign for tension retained	1969	202	Retrace path	Need to say " <u>retrace_path</u> " Suggested signs	1971
186	<u>к п</u>	Each step is accented (not	1969	203 米		Decision: To be added: " en croix" sign for repeats.	1967
186 米	▶	gestures). Agreed	1000	204	•/ - 2	<u>Repeats</u> : Interpretation: Repeat notation instruction or	1973
187	Ş	Feeling. Suggested bow for indications. Need to write	1971		/ !	the resulting movment? (not always the same)	
)	feeling		205	General spatial dir.	Need for indication "in this general direction"	1971
188	Counter tension	countertension, counterdirection	1971		P	Sign proposed	<u>1973</u> 1975
189		 a) = direction of pressure b) = displacement plus pressure 	1971	206	• , <u>></u> , <u>2</u>	<u>Sign for "group</u> " needed.	<u>1971</u>
190	<u>a) /b) /</u> a) [×] (b) [×] ((K used ≠ instead of 7/) Clarification: Placement of accents a) and b) have same meaning	1973	207		Terminology: "Satellite Centre" K does not like this name. AH proposed "Distal Centre" No decision.	1975
		MISCELLANEOUS		208		<u>Terminology</u> : " <u>Place</u> " meaning of word "place". Use of	1975
191		Recommendation: LN will consider using. K to consider <u>divided column</u> for	1963			terms "place high", "vertical high", "high", etc. Meaning of "place" for supports, gestures,	Kt
192 米		parts of limb	1963	209		etc.	
193	tick marks	Solved Recommended use of tick marks	1967	203		<u>Retention</u> : Right foot always to keep on the circular path, (circular line), how to state this?	—
	+		- 4				

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	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		MISCELLANEOUS (continued)				TURNS, PATH (continued)	
210	<u>A</u>	Three dimensional meeting: LN uses meeting line plus pin to modify and clarify meeting line. K does not approve.	_	221 米		Gesture lines to indicate turn in air Solved K agree to LN	1965
211		Action Stroke/Duration Line. This needs sorting out on several applications. (see W. Reynold's paper)	_	222		Recommended. Attached symbols. Look into whole question	1965
212		Duration line for space hold: Use of line to show modification				Adopted (K. not adopted)	1967
	a) b)c)	in spacehold. In a) the leg will end middle level. In b) there is a gradual lowering. In c) there is a sudden lowering just at the end.	_	223		Attached rotation will be accepted as a convention. K does not think it is theoretically sound. (see also no. 68)	1971
		TURNS, PATHS				All in agreement except K.	1973
213 米		Meaning different in K and LN	1963	224 米	к 🔶	LN will adopt secret turn	1966
	change in level	K now able to use (now 🔁 adopted) K adopts	1965 1967	225		<u>General Spiralling</u> Other spirals to be written as in K's paper.	1967
214 米		As many turns as possible Agreement reached: as many complete turns as possible	<u>1963</u> 1965	226	1 detc.	Paths for gestures, presented by AH. No formal discussion	1969
215	meaning	K reluctant to give up individual circling as it was given this meaning by Laban. He suggested that in might be used.	1963	227	(AVE2 /	When does a rotation become a circular path? Axes for revolutions	1969
	//	Agreement reached on Suggested: T means circle as much as possible.	1965 1965	228	a) b)	General feeling: interpretation is: a) degree is not exact b) shape is not exact	1969
216 米		Agreement: As many turns as you wish or turn as much as	1965	229		Travelling Jumps "solved"	1965
		you wish.			KUN	K. still using old way	1975
217		Individual paths (Agreed)	1967	230		<u>Resulting of Paths:</u> Indications at end of path signs of resulting new formations, such indications	1975
218 米		<u>Step Turn Problems</u> . Agreement Knust agreed to use b) instead of a)	1963 1965			being drawn in miniature. a) a circle facing in; b) two lines	—
	a) b)	Unresolved terminology- "Blind turn"	1963	231	⊥⊥⊥ a)b)c) ⊤⊤⊤	facing front; c) a line of girls in the upstage right corner. Turning: Swivel and non-swivel.	
219 米	4	"Step-turn" Twist in torso rather than turn of whole torso in one piece	1963			When turn sign is placed outside the staff, (within a path sign, or not) a) means swivel turns	
220 米		Agreed Decision a) means rotate as a unit (all parts equally). b) means twist in MW	1965 1969	232	<u>a) b)</u>	 b) means non-swivel turns. "<u>Avoiding</u>". path sign needed to indicate avoiding a person or object, the deviation being only for this reason. 	_

	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
		PASSIVE, AD LIB.				CARETS, STAPLES, BOWS (cont.)	
233 米	= passive	LN indication for passive	1965	247 _¥		K. and LN. adopt both	1965
		K. adopt a) "continue" in LN	1967	248 *		Indication for active part in touhing. Agreed	1966
234 米	S	b) same for K.	1965 1967	249 米	$\Big)$	End touching? Agreed must specify	1967
235	<u>a) [N b) K</u>	K. agree to adopt a)	1907	250 米	Ì	Continuous sliding LN adopt	1967
	$\left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\right) \left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\left) \left(\left(\right) \left(\left(\right) \left(\left) \left(\left(\right) \left(\left(\right) \left(\left(\left(\right$	K: " as often and as fast as possible"	_	251 *		Agreement: drawing of small	1973
	$\sum \sum$	LN: continue in this manner. LN makes a difference between				DEVIATIONS	
	$\left(\left(\begin{array}{c} 2 \end{array} \right) \right)$	a very tight wavy line, as in c)		252	JU Y	Deviations	1969
	K LN c)						
236		Decision, accept sign for	1967		ĸĎ́uvṒ		
*	γ	"either"		253		Cancellation	1969
	N	Agreements and unification.	1007			a) remain, b) disappear	
237 米	l l	Agreement and unification: indication for "either hand".	1967		a) b)		
	$\frac{\gamma}{1}$	Ad lib. or Action Stroke. In MW		254		Clarification:	1973
238	2	a) means " an action", b) is	1970		$\otimes \otimes$	a) small scale deviation	
	a) b)	understood to mean ad lib.			a) ~ b) ~	b) large scale deviation	
		In full notation c) means - free				SHAPE WRITING	1
		choice or an appropriate		255		Sign for "A surface" needed.	1970
	c) d)	action? d) specifies ad lib.		-		Proposed sign:	
		CARETS, STAPLES, BOWS	1	-	a) b)	ICKL: a) a flat surface, b) a	1975
239		Caret, staple, meanings,	1967			curved surface	
	< ,]	discussed. (The "same",		256	Ϋ́,	Shape writing for paths.	1971
		position writing).			\Diamond	Body shapes needed.	
240	7 5	Inverted "staple" - use clear?	<u>1967</u>		, √	Need agreed; paper presented ICKL	
	ΖZ	Meaning understood,	1973	257		Shape Writing: Terminology -	1975
		recommended for trial. Cross-columns staple:		-		"Indication of Design" better	
241		Indicating for one foot the	1975			than "Shape Writing". Agreed	
		previous spot of the other.				<u>Method Writing</u> : Design Indications - trial for many types	1975
	\square					of needs was recommended.	
242		Decision - meaning of < .	1967	ł		Further work needed on three	
242 米			<u> </u>	[dimensional designs and on	
						deviations from the plane on	
243		Rounded corners, performance	1967			which design is "drawn".	
		of gestures.		258	a) 🦳	Indication of "A surface": Agreed The need for signs for "a flat'	1975
244	<u></u>	Decision	1969			and "a curved" surface, and a	
244 米		Support on body part while				sign not specifying flat or curved	
		rotating. K prefers use under to			b) 🗂	- "any surface".	
		join_columns	L			Under consideration:	
215		Expanded staff - indicate	1971	ł	c) —	a) "any surface"	
245 米		meaning of inner subsidiary	19/1		-, , ,	b) a (any) flat surface	
		column (ISC) use curved bow				c) a (any) curved surface.	
		(no_time_value)		259	⋟-€҄ѦӉ	For different directions should	
		Use \square instead of \smile (Agreed)	1973	ļ	d) etc.	the basic sign change direction	
246	7	Use of addition bow agreed	1967		ᠵᢆ᠊᠊᠊ᢦ	also, as in d), or remain the	
		upon.			e) etc.	same, as in e)?	
		Ann questions it.	1969		, 610.	Majority preferred d).	

	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
I		ALL FOURS	
260	All fours	K's ideas were presented	<u>1973</u>
261		All_Fours: Knust's rules for writing supporting on All Fours investigated thoroughly and understood. Szentpal's "Split Body" idea considered. Some immediate advantages recognized, but problems in being exact.	1975
262	 ○ ○ → a) ○ ○ b) ○ ○ c) 	Tracks for All Fours:If torso moves () or upper orlower part rotates causing adivided front, there wasgeneral agreement that:a) One hand not moving wouldkeep the previously establishedtrack.b) If both hands move thequestion of divided tracks willarise.c) If the shoulders turn therewill be a divided front.	1975
		INTERPRETATION	
263	$\sum $	Interpretation of "more or less parallel": Very slightly turned out? (or it could mean very slightly turned in)	1974
264	etc	Performance of arm gestures	1975
265	•	Performance of arm at place middle. What is physical result?	1975
266		Interpretation: Do the steps achieve low level, or are they getting <u>lower</u> ? (i.e. toward low, or arrive at low?)	1975
267	□ □ ∩ ↑ └ └ └ └ ↓ a)b)c)d)	Shoulder movements: what are the interpretations of a),	1969
268		Direction: Interpretation - K: the right hip is directly in front of left (L hip is point of reference) LN: right hip is forward of normal situation.	_

UNSOLVED - - OF LONG STANDING

The following have been discussed many times with no results.

				1	· ,		
	SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR		SIGN	PROPOSAL, DISCUSSION, RESULT	YEAR
269		Front Signs: Placement K: under staff at the start, at the right of the staff. LN: to the left of the staff. Positions of the Arms, Centre		277		Palm Facing - Cancellation.K: each palm facing indication must be cancelledLN: Palm facing indications last only for the validity of the	
270	a)	Line. The interpretation of a) is: K: the base of hand (centre of hand) is at the centre line. LN: the extremity, finger		278		direction symbol next to which they are placed. (other cancellation differences exist) Line at Start of Each Continued	
271		 tips, is at the centre line. Validity of a Direction Symbol. The interpretation of a) is: K: the arm will retain the side middle direction. (i.e. ◊) while the toso tilts. 		279		Staff K: double lines LN: single line as it is continuation. Interpretation of Circling Sign for Group.	
272		 LN: the arms will be carried with the torso. (i.e. ○), they do not move of themselves. Placement of Path Signs. K: Paths circling to the left are 			ABCD	 K: Circling means group circling, not individual, in every case. LN: People lumped together on same stave are not necessarily a group, they may 	
		placed on the left of the staff, straight paths and those circling right are placed on the right of the staff. LN: All path signs are placed on the right of the staff.		280		circle individually. <u>Cancellation of Stated Hold.</u> K: Hold for hand position must be repeated, otherwise it is cancelled on the next arm gesture (ct. 3 here)	
273	↓↓ 6↓↓ € κ LN	 Measure Numbers K: Placed under the staff in a diamond. LN: placed at left of staff for each measure. Only placed in a diamond when there might be some question as to what 		281	1	 LN: A hold sign has to be specifically cancelled, until then it remains. <u>Tick marks</u> K: does not use them in practice though theoretically teaches 	
274	k 	the number means. <u>Return to Normal</u> K: a) is used for cancellation. LN: b) is used for " back to normal". For LN sign a) does not mean the same as "back to normal" and can be more			K LN	 that dots may be placed on one of the staff lines. LN: finds ticks valuable in teaching, to show timing in rough notes, and a help in finished scores. Type of tick varies from slanted tick to horizontal 	
275	K K K	appropriate in some instances. <u>Hop Turns</u> K: Turn sign is written only on the side of the suppporting leg. LN: All aerial steps are written with the turn signs across both columns.	<u> </u>	282	= %. ∕ ≌ %. ∉	stroke. <u>Repeat Signs</u> K: Repeat indications are based on the analogy signs. In some instances these are not applicable.	
276	Ka) LN b)	Centering of X and O signs K: narrow, wide, and hold signs are written under or over each support, as in a). LN: The signs are centered to save writing, as in b).			K LN Sz	 LN: Repeat signs based on the music sign. For sagittal symmetrical repeat the analogy sign is used. Sz: Has slightly different (abbreviated) repeat signs. 	

A	PPENDIX II:	2	TECHNICAL DISCUSSIONS OF THE 82 ITEMS CKL CONFERENCE)
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
1	•	Sign for center of gravity	Decision: To accept: sign and its meaning (19/0/0)
2c & 5	a)	 a) keep same level b) keep same level but some resiliency is allowed. 	Decision:To accept a) and b) and their meaning.(17/1/0)Note:Use of retention signs ($\diamond \diamond \& \circ$) for the center of gravity require further investigation.
3		The level of support in a crouch	Decision: For to degree of bending the supporting leg, and for to degree of lowering the center of gravity below its normal high situation, low level supports must be written. (18/0/1)
4		A direction sign in the support column after kneeling means come up to standing.	Decision: To accept the meaning of this example. (19/0/0)
12		Us of third column for upper body movements	<u>Decision</u> : To accept use of direction symbols without a pre- sign in the third column(s) for movments of the upper body. (18/0/1)
16	8	Pre-sign for upper body movements	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbol and its meaning. (15/1/2) <u>Note</u> : Use only in case of doubt and for Motif Writing. The sign was designed specifically not to be identified with any specific part of the trunk as it is in the nature of upper body movements that their point of reference has some leeway.
19	● etc.	<u>Body Signs</u> Signs for body sections	Decision: To accept the signs for body sections. (19/0/0)
20	\boxtimes	Sign for the waist	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the sign and its meaning. (12/0/0) <u>Note</u> : Some do not agree with the use of "x". New pro- posals for the waist sign are welcomed.
22	Ċ	Sign for the face	Decision: To accept the sign and its meaning. (19/0/0)
23	þ	Sign for the front surface of the chest	Decision: To accept the sign and its meaning. (19/0/0)
24	a) ● b) ●	Sign for the whole torso	<u>Decision</u> : The sign a) represents the whole torso. (18/0/0) <u>Note</u> : The sign b) is no longer used.
25		Twist of the shoulder section	Decision: To accept the example and its meaning. (19/0/0) Clarification: Movement of shoulder section as in epaulement
27	a) 11 b) 11 []	a) shoulder section of the torsob) left and right shoulder areas	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (17/1/0)
28	\otimes	Sign for the lungs	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbol and its meaning. (18/0/0) <u>Note</u> : Some do not agree with the use of "x". New proposals are welcome.
29	a)	Signs for lying a) K's former version b) torso surface carries the weight	<u>Decision</u> : To accept b) as the way of writing lying. (18/0/0) <u>Note</u> : For a) additional direction signs are needed. K intro- duced both a) and b) in his book but prefers b).

		<u> 1977 ICKL - TECH</u>	INICAL REPORT continued
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
30	a) + b) + c) + c) + d) + c) + c) + c) + c) + c	Sitting a) on the right hip b) on both hips c) on the tuberosities of the ischia, or between the legs when straddling orrin a stride.	Decision: Ex. a) and b) mean general sitting (supporting on the " hip" or "hips") depending on the context. Ex. c), d), e) and f) show supporting on specific parts of the pelvis.
31	a) C C C C ⊭ ⊫ ⊢ b) c) d) e)	 a) Sign for the neck <u>Surfaces of the</u> <u>neck</u>: b) back of the neck c) front of the neck d) right side of neck e) left side of neck 	
33 34 39d	a) 🗄 , 🖡 etc.	Shifting The "=" in the direc- tion sign means each	comfortably normal for that part of the body into
	b)	 part of the body section moves an equal degree into the stated direction. b) a chest shift to forward low. c) a small chest shift d) a series of very 	relatively smaller and larger. (18/0/0) <u>Clarification</u> : A shift shows a movement of a body part away from its normal alignment. A shift is comparable to a gesture in that its point of reference is set and in that its notation is destinational. It is under- stood that × and ¹ , etc. below the direction sign of a shift mean distance (amount) of shift, the shift being comparatively samll or large. See
35	etc.	small chest shifts	
36		Pelvic tilt Pelvic rotation around the lateral axis	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the examples and their meaning. (19/0/0) <u>Decision</u> : To accept the examples and their meaning. (19/0/0)
37	a) + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	 a) counter directions for hips produc- ing rotation b) rotation of the pelvis 	 <u>Decision</u>: That b) be used to mean a rotation of the pelvis. (18/0/0) <u>Note</u>: Because of conflict in the analysis of hip movement, the subject of a) should be deferred to another conference.
38		Sign for straight path gesture	<u>Decision</u> : A straight path sign in a vertical bow written beside a gesture means the free end travels on a straight line. (18/0/0) <u>Note</u> : The sign must be written beside the respective direction sign/signs.
41 & 42	a)	<u>Hold Sign Rule</u> a) a leap on count 2 b) weight is held on count 2	Decision: A gap in both support columns indicates leaving the ground. (19/0/0)

	1977 ICKL - TECHNICAL REPORT continued			
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS	
47	≈	$\frac{\text{Cancellation of } \Diamond}{\text{May also be used for } \Diamond}$	Decision: To accept the symbol and its meaning. (18/0/0)	
49	a) 🔽 b) 🛆	a) lateral spreading b) lateral closing	Decision: To accept the signs and their meaning. (18/0/0)	
53	$\bigvee_{\mathbb{Z}} = \bigwedge_{\mathbb{Z}} \bigvee_{\mathbb{Z}}	⋈ for whole arm means stretch in each joint	Decision: To accept the meaning as stated. (18/0/0)	
55 & 54a	a) Ͷ b) Ͷ c) Ͷ ☆ Ͷ 合 ⋕ d) e)	 a) sign for wide, stretched b) sign for double wide c), d), e) 2 degrees of stretching, lengthening limbs 	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbols and their meaning. (18/0/1)	
54b	× ⊬ a) b)	Three-dimensional: a) contraction b) extension	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (16/0/1)	
56a	$\begin{array}{c} \searrow & \swarrow & \uparrow \\ a) & b) & c) \\ \xrightarrow{\times} & \boxtimes & \overrightarrow{\times} \\ d) & e) & f) \\ \xrightarrow{\times} & \swarrow & \swarrow \end{array}$	 a) - c) folding over different surfaces d) - f) contracting over different surfaces g), h) alternate ver- 	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meanings. In the case of e) & f), etc. the symbols of g) & h) may be used as well for the sake of logically carrying through the application of the meeting line. (17/1/0) Note: Comment was made to the effect that the term	
	g) h)	sion of e) & f)	"K" signs should not be used in publications.	
56b & 64	 <u>⋈</u> <u>⋈</u> (⋈) (⋃) <li(⋃)< li=""> <li(⋃)< li=""> <li(⋃)< li=""> (⋃)</li(⋃)<></li(⋃)<></li(⋃)<>	Extension on one side a) on the front side b) on the right side a), b) etc. mean stretch the whole area on the indicated side into the direction of the free end; no in- tentional curve. c) contract over the indicated side, a curve results. d) an intentional curve on one side, an intentional stretch on the convex side.	Decision: To accept the indications with their stated meaning. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0) Note: The examples below were given to illustrate use of these indications. (16/1/0)	
67	X	sign for "neither stretched not bent"	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbol and its meaning for gestures. (17/0/0) <u>Note</u> : Its use for length of step requires further discussion	
74	see 82			
75	•	Sign for palm/sole of foot	Decision: To accept the symbol and its meaning. (18/0/0)	

		1977 ICKL - TECHNIC	CAL REPORT continued
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
76	a) ∏∏ b) •∏ ∏•	a) thumb side,big toe sideb) little finger sidelittle toe side	Decision: The "-" added to a limb sign indicates the "thumb" (inner) side of the limb segment, and the "•" added to a limb sign indicates the "little finger" (outer) side of the limb segment. (18/1/0)
78	U U	Drawing of the joint signs	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the drawing of the symbols. (19/0/0)
79 & 83	IL IL a) b) L c) d) t ()	Limbs a) whole upper arm limb segment b) same as a) c) 1/3 of upper arm above the elbow c) 1/3 of the forearm below the elbow	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbols and their meaning and that a) be used instead of b) to describe a limb. (16/0/0) <u>Note</u> : Although the b) method of writing a limb is more space consuming, it is not obsolete.
	e) f)	e) both legs f) both arms g) right leg h) left leg i) right arm j) left arm	
80	lof	Back or outer surface of forearm	<u>Decision</u> : The correct drawing for such limbs and surfaces. (15/0/0)
81	a)	a) right foot b) left foot c) both feet	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbols and their meaning. (19/0/0) <u>Note</u> : When c) is placed in columns on the right side of the staff it refers to the right foot: when placed on the left it refers to the left foot.
82a 74 & 82b,c	a) b) c) <u>1111</u> d) <u>1111</u>	<u>Fingers</u> a) for left hand b) for right hand <u>A dot indicates a</u> <u>particular finger.</u> c) the index finger d) finger as a limb	 Decision: To accept the signs of a) and b) for the fingers. (19/0/0) Decision: To accept the signs of c) - h) and their meaning with the understanding that the point of reference for fingers and their parts is the proximal joint of
	e) //// f) //// g) //// h) ///	 d) finger as a limb e) first joint of the finger (the root) f) second joint; presign for directional movement of first segment g) 3rd joint; presign for 2nd segment h) tip of finger: presign for third segment 	 Clarification: When only the first segment (proximal) on the respective part. (18/1/0) Clarification: When only the first segment (proximal) moves, the rest of the finger is understood to have a retention in space. The space hold may be written as a reminder, if desired.
	i) 🎼	i) surface of finger tip (for touches)	
91		a) chest twist with forward arm move- mentsb) shoulder section twist with forward arm movements	<u>Decision</u> : For a) and b) the arms take direction from the front of the upper part of the shoulder section.
L 1		1	- 5 0 -

	1977 ICKL - TECHNICAL REPORT continued			
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS	
92	a) b)	Torso Tilt Direction a) twist of the torso b) rotation of the torso followed by a tilt	 <u>Decision</u>: The torso, chest, shoulder section and arms take direction from the new front of the upper part of the shoulder section. (16/0/1) <u>Clarification</u>: A twist or rotation of the torso creates a new front (divided front) for the body parts stated above. 	
101 102	a)	 Wheeling for Body a) and b): body wheeling c) and d): torso wheeling 	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbols and their meanings. (15/3/1)	
103	a > b > b	Sign for Cartwheel a) to the right b) to the left	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (19/0/0)	
105	а) [] × и	Inclusions a) inclusion bows b) small inclusion	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (16/2/1) Clarification: The × and ⋈ are used with the meaning of space measurement, i.e. small and large degree.	
106	b) (c) (a) (b) (c) (b)	 c) large inclusion Partial Weight a) 1/2 support b) 2/3 support c) 1/3 support 	Decision: To accept the examples and their meanings. (18/0/1) Clarification: When partial weight is followed by a support, the point of reference for this support is as shown below: (18/0/1) Ex. a) and b) are treated like full support; (18/0/1) c) like a gesture (18/0/1)	
107	$ \begin{bmatrix} \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ c & \vdots \\ c & \vdots \\ c & b \end{pmatrix} $	<u>Head tilt with inclusion</u> a) general inclusion b) chest inclusion specified	 <u>Decision</u>: 1. For a head tilt the inclusion bow means include as much of the adjacent body part as needed to perform the action. 2. The start of an inclusion bow indicates the start of the inclusion and will include the presign if the inclusion starts at the beginning of the movement. (19/0/0) <u>Clarification</u>: Head tilts move from the base of the neck. If there participation of an adjacent body section, it should be written as in b). 	
108 & 109a	a) b) c)	a) torso leadingb) torso inclusionc) chest inclusion	<u>Decision</u> : When the torso or a torso section is leading/included, it is understood that no twist or rotation occurs. (16/3/0)	
110		Exclusion from duration of movement	Decision: When the sign "=" (taken from the double horizontal line of the starting position) is placed between a presign and a movement indication, it excludes the presign from the duration of the movement. (17/1/1)	

		1977 ICKL - TECHNIC	CAL REPORT continued
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
111		Exclusion bow within the bow is writ- ten the part/person etc. to be excluded from the movement.	<u>Decision</u> : That the exclusion bow be accepted and that we experiment with the drawing of the symbol, as in a), b) and c). (19/0/0)
112	a) b)	Placement of pins for leg gestures a) inside b) outside	<u>Decision</u> : That placement of pins be optional i.e. if there is no place for the pin inside, it can be placed outside the direction symbol. (18/0/0)
114	etc.	Intermediate Directions 1/3 way point	<u>Decision</u> : A pin inside a direction sign modifies the direction by 1/3 of the distance to the neighboring main direction represented by that pin. (19/0/0)
115		Halfway intermediate direction: between forward middle and diagonal middle	<u>Decision</u> : That dot between the two direction symbols which are tied with a bow indicates the point halfway between the two stated directions. (17/1/0)
116 & 143	a) 由 , ⊠, etc. b) ● , ● , etc.	 Front Signs a) related to: ⊕ b) related to starting front. (In ballroom it is related to L. O. D., meaning line of dance, also called line of direction) 	 <u>Decision</u>: To accept a), b) and c) and their meaning. (17/0/1 <u>Clarification</u>: a) is used mostly for stage b) is used for fronts which may be transposed: In scientific comparative research For motif of choreographies where the motif appears in the course of the dance with different starting fronts. For original folk dance notation where
	c)	c) in ballroom the pre- sign for the re- evaluation of front when turning a corner.	c) For original force dance flocation where the starting front is in most cases optional.c) the sign is also called "General Direction of Progression Key".
137	a) b)	Step, Shift of Weight a) and c): a step	<u>Decision</u> : To accept a), b), c) and d) with their stated meaning. (17/1/0)
	c) d)	b) and d): shift of weight	
140 & 141	a) ⊕ b) ┿ c) -∻-	Crosses of Axes: Relation to: a) fixed axes of the room b) "front" of performer c) body axes d) axes of front of un-	 <u>Decision</u>: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (18/0/1) <u>Clarification</u>: a), b), d), e) have a constant vertical axis. c) and f) have a longitudinal axis of body/body part.
	d) ↔ e) ↔ f) ↔	rotated end e) axes of front of indi- vidual setions f) axes of individual sections	

		1977 ICKL - TECHNI	CAL REPORT continued
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
142	↑ ↑ a) b)	 a) Cross of Axes of the path b) Front relating to the axes of the path 	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (18/0/1)
144	۲	Retention according to the Standard Cross of Axes	Decision: To accept this sign with its meaning. $(13/2/2)$ Clarification: The arms are carried in such a way that their direction is always $\begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ \cdot $
145	a) b)	Axes for Revolutions a) understood axis is -¢- b) constant vertical axis specified	Decision: To accept the axes as stated in a) and b). (17/0/0)
156	× × × * *	Degree of X 6/6 scale	Decision: The 6/6 scale, as indicated, is the normal (understood) scale. (17/0/0)
162	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	In group notation: a) closing ranks b) opening ranks	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (19/0/0)
163		a) performing on a small scaleb) performing on a large scale	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (19/0/0)
167	a)	Placement of Hooks While Swivelling a) LN version b) K's version	 <u>Decision</u>: When supporting and swivelling on parts of the feet, the contact must be written in the support column. (17/0/0) <u>Note</u>: In LN the hooks do not touch the staff lines.
168	a) o	Placement of hooks indicate the moment of contact. a) touch at the start of the leg gesture b) touch at the ond of	Decision: To accept the meaning of the examples. (19/0/0)
	b) _o	b) touch at the end of the leg gesture	

		1977 ICKL - TECHNIC	CAL REPORT continued
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
170	a) $\begin{vmatrix} 9 \\ b \end{vmatrix}$ b) $\begin{vmatrix} 7 \\ b \end{vmatrix}$	 a) "nail" of the toes b) "pad" of the toes c) ball of the foot is well off the floor d) ball of the foot is just off the floor 	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (15/1/3)
171	or \frown	Bow (hook) for un- specified contact	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbol and its meaning. (18/1/0) <u>Note</u> : The drawing of these hooks should be larger than other hooks and the shape must be symmetrical.
172	a) (° or °) b) (° or °) <u>- (°</u> c) d)	 a) symbols for heel drop. b) symbols for toe drop. c) heel drop example d) toe drop example 	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (17/1/1) Clarification: When the toe or heel is not already lifted, an automatic preparatory release is assumed.
177	a) E	a) indication of a slow grasp	Decision: To accept a) as the way of writing a slow grasp. (17/2/0) To accept b) as the way of writing a slow grasp.
	b)	b), c) a slow release	 (15/2/2) <u>Note</u>: b) is the preferred way of writing a slow release rather than c).
179	a) > b) >	 Timing of Step in Place a) stepping in place followed by a step. b) stepping in place followed by a hold. c) sliding into place 	 <u>Decision</u>: Contact with the floor in place and transference of weight begin at the lower rim of the direction symbol. When sliding into place, as in c), the foot takes two counts to slide into place, transference of weight occurring at the end. (17/2/0) <u>Clarification</u>: The timing of the transference of weight depends on what follows, therefore counts 2 & 3 in a) and b) will not be performed the same.
186		Modification of Steps Each new support will produce sound, i.e. is accented.	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbol and its meaning. (18/1/0) <u>Clarification</u> : This indication cannot be used for touching leg gestures.
190	a) <mark>⊻</mark> . b) <mark>×</mark> . c)	Placement of Accent A slightly accented, sudden bending.	<u>Decision</u> : That a), b) and c) have the same meaning. (17/1/1) <u>Note</u> : b) and c) are preferred.
191		Landing on one foot and closing the other (e.g. sissonne fermé, glissade, etc.)	<u>Decision</u> : The overlapping of symbols is used when there is overlapping of landing on one foot and closing the other. (18/0/0)
194		The length of bar lines	Decision: Bar lines should not protrude beyond the two outer lines of the staff. (19/0/0)

		1977 ICKL - TECHNI	CAL REPORT continued
ITEM	SIGN or EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
197	<u></u>	Sign for retention on the spot	Decision: To accept the symbols and its meaning. (18/0/1)
200		Standard shape for stage plans	Decision: To accept this shape as standard for floor plans. (17/1/1)
203	나 네. · ··	Signs for "en croix" repeats	Decision: That "en croix" repeat signs be accepted and that the exact drawing in context be left for further decision. (16/1/2)
213	a) b)	Change of level while turning	Decision: To indicate change of level through shading the turn sign. (17/1/1)
	c) d)	a) rise at start of turn b) lower at start	<u>Clarification</u> : For change to high level a minimuin of two strokes should be added for a) and c) and three for d).
218	a) b)	 a) a non-swivel turn on the right foot b) on count 2 step on a 1/4 circle counter- clockwise. 	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the meanings of a) and b). (19/0/0) <u>Clarification</u> : Floor plan for a): Although the arriving front in both a) and b) is the same, the arrival spot is different. <u>Note</u> : Ex. b) was K's old way of writing non-swivel turns.
219		Twist in the torso	<u>Decision</u> : This example means twists in the torso. (17/0/0)
			Note: Former meaning was to rotate in one piece.
220	a) =	a) rotate as a unit	Decision: That a) and b) be used for gesture only with the meaning as stated. (18/0/1)
	b)	b) twist within the limb/body section	<u>Clarification</u> : a) each part rotates to the same degree. b) although a Motif Writing sign it can also be used in full notation when needed.
221	a)	Aerial turns without specific leg gestures	Decision: To accept a) with its stated meaning. (18/1/0) Clarification: The action stroke need not necessarily be the same length as the turn sign. The start of the action stroke shows the moment of leaving the ground.
224	≫, ় etc.	Secret turn - decision to choose another front.	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the symbols and its meaning. (17/2/0) <u>Clarification</u> : A secret turn is a mental decision to take another direction as front.
225	<pre></pre>	Sign for general spiralling a) outward b) inward	Decision: To accept the signs and their meaning. (19/0/0)
228	a)) / b) /	Circular paths, leeway in: a) degree of change of front b) shape of circle	 <u>Decision</u>: To accept a) and b) and their meaning. (18/0/0) <u>Clarification</u>: a) The change of front can be slightly more/less than 3/4; this will also affect the degree of curving. b) the shape of the path is only similar to a 3/4 circle.

ITEM	SIGN or		
	EXAMPLE	MEANING	DECISIONS & CLARIFICATIONS
229		Traveling jump in an open position	<u>Decision</u> : Travelling jumps in or into open positions are written with a path sign containing an empty direction sign. (17/0/0)
233		Resultant movment (a passive reaction is allowed)	Decision: To accept the symbol and its meaning. (18/0/1)
236 & 237	(∛ 2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (a) sign for "either" b) either hand	Decision: To accept the symbols and their meaning. (19/0/0
242		Continuation of path from one staff to another.	 <u>Decision</u>: 1) a caret be used to show continuation of a movement indication from one staff to another. 2) to write both top and bottom lines on each part of the path sign 3) when the pin has been placed in the eariler part of the path sign, a second pin, placed in brackets, may be used in the later part for clarity. (19/0/0)
247	a)	<u>Relationship Signs</u> a) addressing b) variations of a)	Decision: a) to accept the basic signs to express the relationship of addressing. (17/1/0) b) variations in drawing the addressing sign to pin-point the particular part addressing. (16/3/0) c) to accept this symbol and its meaning: close
	c)	c) "near"d) placement of pin	to, or nearly touching. (15/2/1) d) to place the pin along the horizontal lines as close as possible to the active part. (18/1/0)
248	a)	Active person (part): a) in touching b) in nearly touching	<u>Decision</u> : To accept the signs and their meaning. (18/1/0) <u>Clarification</u> : The heavy end of the relationship sign shows the part (person) which is active.
250	0	Continuous sliding	Decision: To accept the sign and its meaning. (19/0/0)
251		Signs for Supporting Form for signs when drawn small within the staff.	Decision: To accept the drawing of small signs for taking weight, supporting, carrying. (18/0/1) Clarification: The signs should not be drawn as <>> or <>> withi the staff as these signs have the meaning of spreading, closing.
252		Deviation from the path of a movement (indirect path) A slight upward curve on the path to 0.	<u>Decision</u> : For gestures deviations from the path of a movement are shown by a pin within a vertical bow. (19/0/0)
256 & 257	a) 🗇	 a) sign for "a shape" b) sign of a) modified into a path sign within which is 	Decision: The name "Shape Writing", formerly used for this form of movement description, shall be dropped in favor of the working title "Design Drawing". (13/2/2)
	b) 🗸	drawn the required design	Decision: To accept the signs a) and b) with their meaning. (15/0/2)

DEFERRED ITEMS

No.7: Placement of weight. More research on such kneeling problems is required.
18 & 21: Moveable parts of torso. Complete list needed. Plus examples of use, descriptions, etc.
26: 🔍 Waist as fixed end for pelvis tilts.
43: Validity - whole limb cancels parts
45: Validity - cancellation of rotations
47: Validity - further investigation of <i>s</i> to cancel ↔
57: Motion, interpretation of \bigvee_{x} Meaning of \times . Exact use of addition bracket.
60: Logic regarding choice of $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ x \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$
61: $ ightarrow$ Unfolding; need for χ , $ ightarrow$, etc. and need for degrees of unfolding
68: ISC - X modifying a step: \exists_{\times} (timing, placement of x, etc.)
72: Meaning of (ISC?)
86: Finger fan, analysis, clarification (practical session needed)
138b Ex. c): Use of staple/caret (shift of weight)
145c-e Axis for revolutions
149: Action stroke - meaning "each direction and level".
157 & 158: Distance in sitting
159: Distance of leg gesture from floor
178: Timing, general or specific
189: Dynamics, abbreviated effort signs
192: Divided column 195: Number indication for measures, counts
215: Individual paths: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$
216: Meaning of: D, D.
222 &223: Attached symbols. (ISC, and divided column)
244: Meaning of: 1 (ISC)
249: Validity:, end touching?
252: Distance - degree of deviation.
253: Validity: Pins - minor movements: $\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$
255, 258, 259: Design Drawing - indication of: surface (curved, flat)
placement of design for situations 🕞 and 🖂

Item Voted Against at the 1977 Conference

No.31, Ex. c) Signs for the parts of the back of the head. Arguments to be put forward regarding the advantages of one set over the other.

1977 DISCUSSION FOLLOW UP

Specific trial and application is to be given to the following:

No. 56a, Ex. b) - \times etc.

No. 67 - H for length of step (supports)

No. 81 - Use of \models , etc. in the columns

No. 87 - Drawing of single hip signs: ++ in movement context.

No.111 - Drawing of exclusion bow:

Items requiring further clarification:

The following items, though voted on in part at the 1977 Conference, require certain details to be further clarified and agreed upon:

÷

No. 2c and 5 - For the centre of gravity, use of retention signs (\diamondsuit , \diamondsuit , \circlearrowright , \circlearrowright)

No. 37a - Conflict in the analysis of hip movements:

No. 203 - The drawing of "en croix" repeat signs in context.

APPENDIX III: BOW CHRONOLOGY compiled by Sharon Rowe

1977

1977	
•exclusion bow	
—concept and meaning accepted, experiment with	
sign for	Accepted
•inclusion bow	
—concept and meaning	Accepted
—head tilt	Accepted
—measurement signs within	Accepted
—partial weight	Accepted
•unspecified contact	Accepted
•vertical bow	-
—pin within bow to indicate indirect path of	Accord
movement straight path within to indicate straight path	Accepted
—straight path within to indicate straight path	Accepted
1979	
•passing state bow	
—and validity of retained part leading/guiding	Accepted
•inclusion bow	1
-validity of retained part leading/guiding with	Accepted
	1
1981	
•sign for exclusion bow established	Accepted
1983	
•leading/guiding bow	
—and validity rules	Deferred
	20101100
1985	
•inclusion bow	
—no longer used to indicate part leading/guiding	
when physical result remains	Trial
•intention bow	Not Accepted
•leading/guiding bow	not necepted
$-\mathcal{I}$: modified bow for indicating retained part	T : 1
leading/guiding	Trial
—and validity	Not Accepted
•one-movement bow	
—indicating continuous movement	Accepted
100	
1987	
•leading/guiding bow	
$-\mathcal{I}$: modified bow for indicating retained part	
leading/guiding	Extended
1989	
•horizontal bows	
validity rules for	Accepted

APPENDIX IV: NEW SIGNS compiled by Judy Van Zile

Although all of the following signs may not have been accepted into the system, they have been discussed and may appear in scores with a glossary. They are given here because the locations under the headings in the Index under which they may be found may yield additional information about their potential meaning(s).

1	
versus 👌	ACTION STROKE
$\exists and \exists$	AREAS
*	BLACK DIAMOND
Ĵ	BOWS—exclusion bow
}	BOWS—intention bow
9	
)	BOWS—modified bow for indicating retained part leading/guiding
2	CARETS—zed caret
1(<i>7</i> 7	CLOSING —sign for sagittal and diagonal spreading and closing SPREADING —signs for sagittal and diagonal
<u>IX</u>	CONTRACTION —signs for over diagonal surface
\downarrow	DESIGN DRAWING —concept of and sign for
rightarrow and $rightarrow$	DESIGN DRAWING —signs for "a" or "any" surface
\bigcirc	DOUBLE CIRCLE —meaning of, when used with meeting line
⊨	EN CROIX REPEATS
+	MINOR MOVEMENTS—distal center analysis
М	NEITHER—stretched nor bent; long nor short
8	PAUSE
Ι	STAFF EXTENDER
X	TIME SIGNS